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TWELVE PAGES - TWO RIYALS



But no deal certain

the rings. Visible here is a dark, fingerline area that rotates around the planet once every 9 1/2 hours, while particles at the outer edge

on hostage release Rumors fly

WASHINGTON Oct 25 (Agencies) — No plan for releasing the American hostages in fran has been presented to the United States, although Iranian leaders are considering releasing some of the 52 hostages, U.S. offidak say. President Jimmy Carter, meanwhile, again cautioned against over-

taken more than an hour longer to go the distance.

U.S. officials who declined to be identified said Friday that release of some, but not all.

Afghan raps Soviet, Kabul collaboration

BELGRADE, Oct. 25 (AP) — Alghanis tan's chief delegate to the UNESCO general conference here, in an electrifying response to a "consensus" resolution about liherties and responsibilities of the press, on Saturday publicly denounced the Babrak Karmal goverament and the Soviet "occupation" of his

Akhtar Muhammad Aktiawal, father of seven children and head of his country's national commission to UNESCO drew spontaneous applause from many of the conference delegates and afterwards said he would return to Kahul to face the consequences of his defiant declaration.

"in the general conference we are talking about the free flow of information. There was nothing in this resolution about the free flow of information." Akriawal told reporters afterwards. "I saw in that resolution there is nothing to fight for our freedoms. It should have had something.'

Aktiawal said he made the decision alone. in the conference hall itself, as the longnegotiated resolution was being approved hy acclamation and without a vote.

After Britain said it would have voted "No" but didn't want to break the "consensus" of the 153 UNESCO member nations. and aiter Cuha and Yugoslavia lauded the resolution as of "exceptional importance" and the "beginning of a new era" for UNESCO; Aktiawal was granted permission

to speak. Several hundred delegates and the dozen arso journalists present expected the head of the Afghanistan delegation to express the Karmal government's warm endorsement of the resolution, which sets forth controversial "considerations" for what should he the basis for global communications and international news distribution.

Khaled meets pilgrim groups

JEDDAH, Oct. 25 (SPA) — King Khaled received at his office here Saturday a number of pilgrim delegations including those of Djibouti, Gamhia and Bangladesh. Prince Saud, the foreign minister, was present during these audiences.

King Khaled also received the Interior Minister of Tunis who handed him a message from President Hahih Bourghiha. The meeting was attended by Prince Abdullah, second deputy premier and head of the National Guard, Prince Saud, and the Tunisian ambassador Kassem Ahu Sinenah.

The King also sent a congratulatory telegram to President Kenneth Kaunda, on the occasion of Zamhia's independence anniversary celebrations.

Meanwhile, International organizations sent cables of support for the Kingdom and condemned the policies of Libyan President Muammar Qaddafi. In addition, Lihyan pilgrims reiterated their support for the Kingdom's stand toward the deviation of Qaddafi from the Islamic community. Qaddafi has ordered the arrest of all ulema and Imams opposing his pronouncements. See story Page 2

of the hostages "would give us a real problem," since American officials have maintained all along that all the hostages must be released at the same time.

A number of plans are being considered by Iranian leaders, one official said, "hut we have nothing directly in front of us. We are not considering any particular plan."

Earlier Friday, the NBC television network, quoting a Muslim source at the United Nations, said the release of the 52 Americans held since last Nov. 4 would hegin Sunday. But in Tehran, an official spokesman Saturday morning denied the American news report that Iranian Prime Minister Muhammad Ali Rajai had said the 52 American hostages would be released Sunday and on Mon-

The NBC report was "completely false and Rajai never had such a talk, not even hy telephone," his spokesman said.

Carter, asked about the NBC report, said in Grand Rapids, Mich., "I wouldn't count on

Later, in Wyoming, Mich., Carter told a questioner, "We don't have any clear signal. from the Iranians about when the hostages may or may not be released any we don't know their terms (for release) because the Majlis (Iran's parliament) still has not reported their terms. I can't predict to you that they will be released any time soon."

"You know," the president said, "one thing that concerns me a lot lately has heen a huildup in the American press, the television, radio and newspapers, of expectations that the hostages are going to come home early that I don't think are justified,"

His caution against over-optimism was

echoed hy his wife, First Lady Rosalynn Carter, and Vice President Walter Mondale. Still, there were new reports and rumors Friday. State Department officials denied a report that Secretary of State Edmund S. Muskie will fly to Wiesbaden, West Gcrmany, to receive the hostages. Jody Powell, Carter's press secretary, also denied that Muskie would go to West Germany.

And an official of a foreign company that

does husiness in Iran told The Associated Press that the hostages were being reassemhled in Tebran for their possible release, a report that could not he immediately confirmed.

The hostages were reportedly dispersed from Tehran after the aborted U.S. rescue mission in hopes of forestalling another such reseue attempt. Iranian leaders had announced earlier this week that the Majlis expects to announce on Sunday the condinons for the release.

In September, Ayaiollah Rubollah Khomeini set out four conditions for the release, including unfreezing of \$8 hillion of Iranian assets in the United States. U.S. pledges of non-interference in Iran, withdrawal of U.S. legal claims against Iran, and return of the wealth of the late Shah of Iran.

Hasheim Rafsanjani, speaker of the Iranian parliament, said in an interview with the Paris newspaper Le Monde that other conditions could be met hy the United States after the hostages' release. He did not say what the other conditions were.

"If the other conditions are difficult to satisfy immediately, parliament could demand guarantees, sall to he defined, and free the hostages without delay," he said.

'Double agent' indicted

Spies eyeing U.S. Congress

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25 (AFP) — The arrest and indictment of a former Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) man as a Soviet double agent has highlighted the massive increase in spying in the United States.

David Barnett, run was discovered by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) apparently trying to infiltrate congressional committees on behalf of the Soviet Union. He was indicted in Baltimore, Md., on Fri-

The agent, who joined the CIA when he was 25, was unsuccessful in his bid to penetrate the private meetings of the committees, where secret documents are often discussed. hut he did have time to tell his Soviet spymasters about the secret U.S. operation codenamed "Ha-Brink" to obtain Soviet manuals and other military secrets.

This latest spy scandal comes at a time when both the CIA and the FBI are becoming increasingly concerned about clandestine activities of foreign agents in the United

Since 1966 the number of Warsaw pact diplomats in Washington has trippled and U.S. officials helieve 40 per cent of the them are full time spies.

The FB1 believes it has indentified 500 agents working for the Soviet intelligence service KGB in Soviet missions in Washington, New York and San Francisco. That is twice the number if two years ago.

Arkady Chevchenko, a former Soviet diplomat who asked for political asylum in 1978, said half the 300-strong Soviet delegation to the United Nations were KGB men. Two of them, Valdik Enger and Rudolf Chernyayev were arrested that year in a New York suhurh as they went to piek up from a dead letter hox. Soviet agents appear to be more and more interested in U.S military technology. Their

Man bawls world mark

LONDON, Oct. 25 — John Smith here achieved a lifelong ambition by setting a new world record. He cried continously for 46 hours without good reason.

higgest prize was the manual for the ultrasecret spy KH-11 satellite, which was given to them two years ago hy CIA agent William Kampiles.

But the U.S. Congress is proving a main attraction for Soviet agents as the arrest of Barnett showed. They appear to find it an inexhaustible source of information. Security services have nonced that Soviet diplomat and journalists, known for their clandestine activities, are among the most assiduous visitors to Capitol Hill



Prime Minister Forlani

Iran mounts air attacks

Iraqis moving on Abadan

BEIRUT, Oct. 25 (Agencies) — Iraq said its forces chased the fleeing defenders of Iran's major port city of Khorramshahr down the highway to the oil refining city of Abadan

Saturday as air hattles flared overhead. A communique from the Iraqi command said Iran sent waves of rocket-firing helicopter gunships to blunt the Iraqi advance, prompting Soviet-made Iraqi jets to scramble up and "shoot down three enemy helicop-

Iran denied the fall of Khorramshahr. Communiques from Tehran reported fierce house-to-house fighting raged for an eight straight day in the streets of Khorramshahr as the war on the northern rim of the Gulf neared the end of its fifth week.

But a flurry of war progress reports put out by Iran at midday Saturday made no mention of Khorramshahr's fate, Instead, they concentrated on air and artillery attacks to hreak a narrowing "enemy siege" of Ahadan, whose giant refinery sustained new "air and artillery hits."

Iran's President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr toured the frontline in the southwestern oil province of Khuzestan and Tehran radio quoted him as telling troops and pilots: "1 hope that in the second round of the fighting you will start with more success."

Iran claimed several successful surprise raids hy air-borne commandos and hit-andrun tribal warriors in which 232 Iraqi troops were killed in the last 24 hours in other sectors of the 300-mile warfront.

Organization of Islamic Conference Secretary General Habih Chatti was hack in his hase in Jeddah from two weeks of talks in Baghdad and Tehran on the prospects of forming a mediation mission of six Islamie heads of state,

Chatti said Iraq has agreed to the proposal

hut Iran has not yet come up with an official answer, although top government and religious leaders in Tehran still refuse the concept of negotiations before a total Iraqi with-

drawal from Iraman territory.
Iran also has failed to answer a proposal hy non-aligned nations that a foreign ministers "goodwill and fact-finding" mission from the movement be formed in visit Baghdad and

Tehran, according to Beirut newspapers.

Iraq followed its claim of capturing the whole of Khorramshahr Friday with an announcement that it will permit an estimated titl foreign ships to leave the embattled Shatt Al-Arah waterway provided they fly a Red Cross flag.

A government statement in Bughdad said the Iraqi position was communicated to U.N. Secretary General Kurt Waldheim, who nn Oct. 13 proposed a lemporary cease-fire limited to the Shart Al Arah to allow the trapped vessels to leave, Iran agreed at the time to the localized standdown, But whether it would still gn along with the proposal now that Iraq is claiming the capture of Khorramshahr, remains to be seen.

Twenty-six of the 71 vessels trapped inside the Shatt Al Arah have been damaged hy shells and one ship has sunk, it was reported in Tokyo Saturday. Damage to the vessels is estimated at \$150 million the economic newspaper Nihon Keizai Shimbun reported,

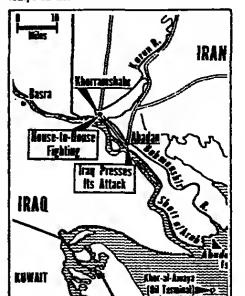
Another communique from the Iranian command hroadcast by Tehran radio said helicopter-horne paratroopers raided enemy lines near the southwestern army garrison town of Dezful overnight, killing 50 Iraqis. Dezful, which controls the major railway,

highway and pipeline networks that connect Iran's oil-rich southwestern provinces with Tehran, is 150 miles north of Ahadan. The broadcast also quoted a report from

Iran's official news agency Pars as saying 90 Iraqi troops were killed in similar attacks mounted at the Sar-E-Pol-Zahah heights at the northern tip of the 300-mile invasion

And in Baghdad, Iraq's Foreign Minister Saadoun Hammadi accused the United States in an interview published here Saturday of trying to forge "serious friendly relations with Iran .. irrespective of the hostage

Hammadi told the Bughdad daily Al Thawra of Iraq's ruling Socialist Buath Party that recent statements by U.S. President Jimmy Carter and Secretary of State Edmund Muskie "prove the United States does not really want to end the Iraq-Iran contact in lrag's favnr."



The straits are the lifeline of the non-

Communist world's industrialized countries

Saudi Arahia, Kuwait, Iraq and Iran used to

Insurance agents here said the London-

hased underwriters have increased insurance

premiums on vessels bound for Iraq and Iran

No foreign ships have approached Iraql or

Iranian ports since Sept. 23, when British

Greek, Liberian and Japanese ships were fired on in the area of the disputed Shatt-

The London insurance exchange's intellig-

ence unit said reports have surfaced in

Al-Arah, shipping sources said.

almodgitations office and a content of the special

pass to the Western world.

hy 300 per ecut.

ker traffic flow disputed

MANAMA, Bahrain Oct. 25 (Agencies) - The oil tanker route through the strategic Hormuz Strait has been avoided by world shipping since Oct. 15, when Iran threatened to mine the Gulf waters, shipping sources here reported.

"No one has declared the straits closed, hut no pilots are willing to sail through the threatened waterway," one shipping agent

But Lloyds of London has reported traffie apparently is normal in the strait despite rumors that supertankers have not been able

Tehran allows Japan workers to go home

TOKYO, Oct. 25 (AP) - Iran has allowed the evacuation to Japan of all 750 Japanese engineers working at a joint Japan-Iran petrochemical complex at Bandar Khomeini on the Gulf, Japanese correspondents reported

from Tehran Saturday.

The correspondents of major Japanese newspapers reported that the Iran-Japan Petrochemical Co. In Tehran announced that it had obtained Iranian consent to let all the Japanese workers return home temporarily,

via Turkey. The first batch of about 30 Japanese workers left the Iranian capital on Friday for Turkey by bus, the reports said. They said the evacuation will be made in groups over a period of about 10 days. The evacuees will proceed to Ankara to take flights to Tokyo. The Japan-Iran joint complex at Bandar Khomeini has been hit hy Iraqi air raids at least four, times since the war began.

to get through the Gulf's narrow exit. Reliable oil industry source: in New York also said tripoing appears . the normal through the 30-mile-wide (48-km) water-

way, of the non-Communist world's oil supply passes. Meanwhile Iran has assured the United Nations that it will ensure that the straits will stay open to shipping, it was announced in

New York at the U.N. Thursday. Iran's Charge d' Affaires at the U.N., Jamal Shemirani, gave U.N. Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim the message from the Iranian foreign ministry.

Earlier this month, Iranians declared half the Gulf a war zone and advised foreign ships to stay away. Later on, the commander of the Iranian navy threatened to mine the waterway if the Arah states of the Gulf helped Iraq

ters continued to load and unload at ports in Oman and the United Arah Emirates, south of the Straits. The straits are half-controlled by Iran and half by the Arabs, but the Arah

in the war. Shipping agents said oil tankers and freigh-

side is too shallow for loaded vessels, these

Bahrain that supertankers could not get through the strait and only smaller tankers able to pass through a non-Iranian section of the waterway, were sailing. A spokeswoman for Lloyd's, however,

said: "As far as we're concerned, the reports have only heen rumors. We've had no reports that things are anything hut normal.

Six found alive 2 weeks after quake lemonade ever since Al Asnam's day of disas-

ALGIERS, Oct. 25 (R) - Rescuers still searching the quake-striken western Algerian town of Al Asnam have found six survivors who had stayed alive under the ruhhle for two weeks with the help of lemonade, informed sources said Friday

when the devastating earthquake hit Al Asnam. More than 2,500 bodies have been recovered from the ruins of the town so far. The latest survivors to be accounted for

The six were having a drink at a local cafe

were discovered on Wednesday after they had managed to live on the cafe's stock of ter, Oct. 10. Officials are sull not giving a definite death toll. First estimates had suggested that up to 20,000 people died in the Al Asnam district. Meanwhile, Queen Elizabeth and Prince

Philip arrived Saturday in Algeria on the first visit by a British sovereign to this country. Since the visit comes two weeks after the earthouake, this has led to changes in the royal itinerary. Prince Philip is now due to tour the devastated area while the queen will pay a visit to the injured in Algiers' Mustapha Hos-

Italy's new premier urges 'tight belt'

ROME, Oct. 25, (LAT) - A tough prog-

ram of economic and social discipline was presented to the Italian parliament late this week as Prime Minister Arnaldo Forlani introduced the goals of his new government. the nation's 40th since World War II. More than half of his speech outlining the

program was devoted to plans to control inflation, now running at about 20 per cent, without depending recession. The prime minister also emphasized the deep social problems of the nation. The defense of public order, the fight

against terrorism and the improvement of the administration of the system of justice are decisive points of our undertaking," he said.

The speech was generally a rependion of the programs of the two preceding governments, hut it attracted unusual attention hecause of indications of a new mood in the nation that has been interpreted as making political stability more likely. Several new factors are seen as critical at this time:

- The Communists, Italy's No. 2 party, are in a state of crisis. They are farther from power now than they have been since they quit the parliamentary majority almost two years ago.

- There has been an extraordinary backlash against the political and union militants who forced the closure of the Fiat automotive factories for more than five weeks. Top union leaders seem to be seizing on the reaction to try to impose the discipline that they had

agreed to two years ago, hut never implemented.

The key political event appears to have been a march of workers through the industrial city of Turin on Oct. 15. Originally a protest hy 3,000 middle management foremen from Fiat, the march was joined hy more than 30,000 workers in an unprecedented challenge to the militants who had forced the shutdown on Sept. 11 10 protest a massive

The government of outgoing Prime Minister Francesco Cossiga negotiated an agreement that put the workers hack on the joh last weekend, an agreement accompanied by union leaders' admissions that they had made a grave error.

However, there are other labor troubles ahead, with parliamentary workers calling a strike for Monday and transportation workers threatening walkouts soon as well.

Forlani's government made clear that it is committed to the same economic discipline that brought down the Cossiga government on Sept. 27. But Forlani has taken elaborate precautions to avoid a repetition of Cossiga's defeat in September when left-wingers defected during a secret hallot on the economic reforms. He has hrought into cabinet positions a number of leftwingers of his own Christian Democratic Party, a move that cost him two of the most respected memhers of the outgoing government, Filipo Maria Pandolfi at the treasury and Sen. Giovanni Marcora at agriculture.

But political commentators have generally praised the new government. The political complexinn officially is center-left, for the four parties of the coalin on include the Chrisdan Demorats with 262 seats, the Socialists with 62, the Social Democrats with 20 and the Republicans with 15, a total of 359 or 57 per cent of the 630-seat assembly.

Some observers see the government as more center or center-right than center-left, however, because the Socialists playing a leadership role are all drawn from the moderate majority of the Socialist Party loyal to Benedetto Craxi, the party secretary.

It was Craxi who, six months ago, hrought the Socialists back into government after six years on the sidelines and since then be has consolidated his control of the party.

This active role of the Socialists has added to the discomfort of the Communists. Enrico Berlinguer, the Communist Party secretary. had stirred national controversy Sept. 26 when he told the striking Fiat workers that the Communists would support them should they occupy the factories.

Part of the political price paid by the Christian Democrats has been agreement for the first time to split the cahinet posts evenly, taking 13 seats for themselves and giving the three supporting parties a total of 13. But the Christian Democrats have gained leadership of a government that is the strongest in recent vears and can operate independently of the Communists.



Al-Harakan, Abdul Wahab receive cables of support

addafi condemnation grows

MECCA, Oct. 25 (SPA) - Condemnatioos of Libyao President Muamar Qaddafi s allegations continued Friday from international organizations, societies and individu-

Muslim World League Secretary General Sbeikh Muhammad Ali Al-Harakan and Pilgrimage and Endowments Minister Sheikh Abdul Wahab Abdul Wasie received more cables coodemning Qaddafi from Libyan pilgrims. The Libyan pilgrims reiterated their support for the Kingdom's stand towards the deviation and exit of Qaddafi from the Islamic community.

The pilgrims said the Libyan president has burt feelings of Muslims with his destructive opinion on the pilgrimage, boly places, the Sunna and the Hijra calendar. He also had malicious ideas about the Propbet Muhammad, they said.

The Libyans said these deviations only represent Qaddafi. The Libyan people are aware of the cootroversy to which they have been led by Qaddafi, and are struggling to return to the Arab and Islamic rank, the pilgrims said.

Meanwhile, Col. Oaddafi ordered the arrest of all ulema and I mams who objected to his acts. The Libyan religious leaders were distributed in several camps. The ulemas presented a message to Qaddafi calling him to repeot and declare his dissension with what be bad said about Islam and Muslims.

But, Qaddafi rejecting the appeal, directed his rage at the ulema who said their word io his face. He ordered their arrest and prohibited any contacts between the ulema and the rest of the public.

Sbeikh Harakan also received cables decouncing Oaddafi from Islamic organizations and institutions all over the world. The Mosques Council of Europe and the Higher Council of Mosques in America announced their support to King Khaled's message to Qaddafi and the statement of the Constitueot Couocil of the Muslim World League. Europe's mosques council decided to discuss the subject during the Friday prayer speech to give a clear picture to the Islamic public opinion in Europe.

Sbeikh Harakan received cables from the Islamie Organizations and Societies Couocil of Jordan and the African Islamic Council strongly condemniog Qaddafi's allegations. Mustapba Sisse, chairman of African Islamic

Sunday Mecca Medina Nejd 4:37 Ishraq 6:27 5:58 Dbuhr 12:12 11:39 3:28 5:49 2:55 5:17

Asst

Isha

Maghreb

council, said Friday in a cable that Islamic organizations' coordination in fighting Communism, Zionism and their agents has become a duty to defeod Islam and Islamie boly places.

In related developments, Muslim advocates from all over the world strongly condemned Oaddafi's speech of last Friday. The advocates issued a statement concluding a meeting at the Muslim World League General Secretariat beadquarters in Mecca, in which they said observers of Qaddaff's acts related to Islam would discover a wellplanned scheme aimed at destructing Islam.

The statement listed some of Qaddafi's acts and comments. Qaddafi rejected the Sunna, which is the second judiciary source, accusing its tellers. Theo, he proceeded to casting doubts on the contents of the boly Koran. He claimed prophecy in an ioterview with an Italian newspaper, when asked, Prophet of the desert have you herded goats, be replied 'Yes, every propbet bad berded goats and so did I. He ridiculed Muslims performing the pilgrimage by describing them as 'guileless and foolish'. He supported the Soviet invasioo of Afghanistan, ao Islamic country, and thus being loyal to the ecemies of God.

These are but few models of Oaddafi's religious and ideological deviations," the statement said. After debating the issue, the Muslim advocates decided to consider

ples of Islam and the collection of the Islamic community.

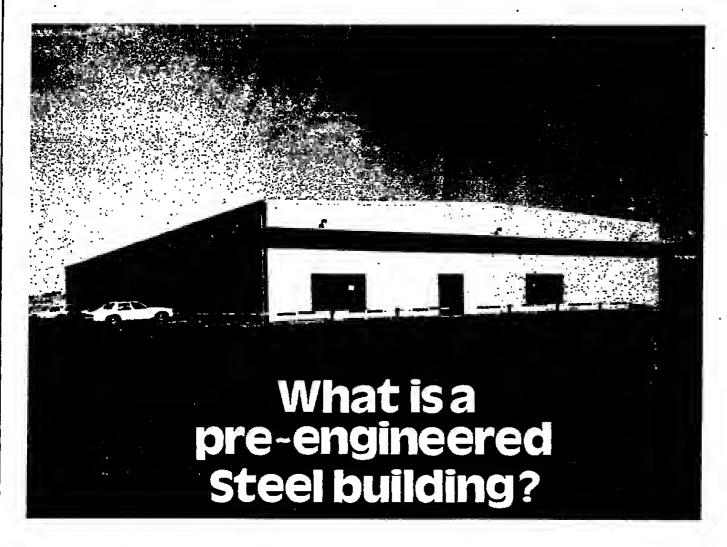
The recommendations of the meeting iocluded boycotting Qaddafi and isolating bim from all Islamic activities, calling on Islamic cultural, intelectual and scientific organizations and institutions to work on countering Qaddafi's deviate ideology and preventing it from leaking into the minds of Muslims, inviting Muslim ulema and intelectuals to adopt a firm stand against Qaddafi's deviation by issuing religious rulings, statements, publications and studies, educating Muslim advocates and the Islamic public opinioo against the misleading statements of Qaddafi which he attributes to Islam while they are far from Islam.

Meanwhile, the Higher World Mosque Council strongly condemned Qaddafi's attack on Islam and Islamie boly places. In a statement issued by the Secretariat General Friday, the couocil called oo Imams of mosques throughout the world to explaio the facts about 'this man attributed to Islam' who has broken-out of the Islamic community and attacked and degraded Islamie values and

The statement urged Imans and advocated to warn people against falling into the trap of this 'satan,' It also called oo Imams and advocates working for Qaddafi inside and outside Libya to repeot him, his beretie ideologies and his deviation from the Islamie commun-



HONORED: Minister of Information Dr. Abdo Yamani and Deputy Minister of Information Dr. Abdul Aziz Khoja held a gathering for foreign newsmen who covered the pilgrimage. The newsmen broadcast news on the pilgrimage to all Islamic countries.



Ask Zamil Soulè

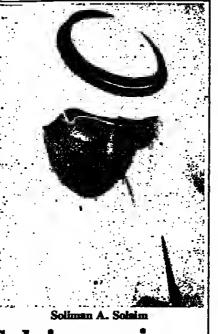
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Solaim praises trade directory

JEDDAH, Oct. 25 - A new trade directory produced by Tihama, and wbich will be available at the company's distribution ceoters within a few days, will belp expand the scope of trade between the Kingdom and the outside world, according to Commerce Minister Dr. Soliman A.

In his preface, Dr. Solaim says that by expanding trade exchange, the directory will be a valuable asset for fulfilling the requirements of the Kingdom's economic schemes." It is exhaustive ecough to tally Saudi Arabia's ecocomic position on the world market as the largest petroleum exportiog country.

The new directory is made up of one volume containing 1,000 pages in two parts in Arabic and English, and comprising three chapters each. The first chapter deals with the geoeral features and strategies of the Kingdom's economic policies, accompishments under the first and second development plans and salient aspects of the third plan.

The second chapter is about the laws and rules regulating ecocomic activities in Saudi Arabia. The third chapter is a reportoire of more than 6,500 firms and businessmen according to their respective cities' alphabetical order. It gives informatioo about the city in addition to the phooe number, post office box number and type

BRIEFS

Mosques approved

JEDDAH, Qct. 25 (SPA) - Minister of Pilgrimage and Endowments Sheikh Abdul Wahhab Abdul Wasie Saturday approved the construction of 22 mosques at a total cost of SR27 million under the ministry's current year budget. The projects include four mosques in Qasim which will cost SR5 million, four in Kharj (SR4 millioo), five in Hall (SR4 million), four in Riyadh (SR8 million), and five in Wadi Al-Dawasser, Iflaj and the Northern Frontiers Regions (SR6 million).

Al-Hasa projects
HASA, Oct. 25 (SPA) — Bids will be opened for the SRI07 million improvement and beautification project of Hasa area soon, Mayor Hamad Al-Sughair said Saturday. The mayor also said that the oecessary designs are being worked ont for the secood part of Hasa's sewage oetwork whose execution will start sooo after. Priorities will be giveo to areas with oo drainage systems.

Sewing graduates bouored HASA, Oct. 25 (SPA) - Al-Halila, Social Services Society bere will honor at the end of this mooth 12 graduates of a sewing and tailoring course. Certificates, prizes and otehr inceotives will be awarded to the graduates. The secretary will organize other courses this year for girls and bousewives oo bousehold skills, child care and first aid. The Dammam women society is offering this year training courses on type writing, tailoring, artistry and English language.

Prices aanounced RIYADH, Oct. 25 (SPA) - The Ministry of Commerce announced oew fixed prices for 'Nido' powder milk sales in Saudi Arabia Saturday. According to the oew tariff, a 1,800 gr. box will cost SRI 9.25 in Jeddah and Dammam, SRI9.50 in Riyadh. A 900 gr. box: SR11.50 in Jeddah and Dammam, SRII.25 in Riyadh; a 400 gr. box SR5.50 in Jeddah and Dammam, SR5.75 in Riyadh. The price modification took into consideration the series of reductions by the EEC since the end of last year on the subsidy aimed at promoting EEC fresh milk and dairy product

During Scottish Council visit

Firm to sell Kingdom sand

JEDDAH, Oct. 25 (LPS) — One company from the Scottisb Council trade mission scheduled to visit the Kingdom in November plans to try and sell sand.

The third developmental and industrial mission from the Scottish Council will include representatives of 12 companies planning to visit Jeddah, Dammam and Riyadh. Also members will make individual visits to other

In addition to sand, the range of products and services on offer is wide and includes both industrial and consumer items. There are specialized chemicals for the oil industry. electrical switchgear, wire rope and weather-proofed textiles. In addition, there are products for use in overhead transmission lines, welding equipment, pumps, teotage and other made-up textile products. At the lighter industrial end, there are special copy papers, stationery and flexible packaging and a range of maps and atlases and books oo leisure activities.

The consumer field is represented by allwood carpeting and clothing for childreo aod aduits.

However, the most unusual inclusion in the group is the company that sells sand. It is not any old sand, but highly specialized material for use in various water treatment processes including drinking water plants, sewerage schemes, water injection systems for enhanced oil recovery, swimming pool cleaning systems and oil separation techniques.

This is a first visit to Saudi Arabia for the company, as it is for five others in the group. Of the 12 participants, seven are seeking representatives and two have expressed interest in setting up joint veotures.

The Scottish Council is a privatelyfinanced independent body, which works to promote the industrial and social development of Scotland. Its membership is wide, embracing manufacturing and service companies, banks trade unions, local government

and private individuals. The mission will be led and managed by

George R. McGregor, manager, marketing

services with the Council.

Other companies include Uni-Shel, which is a fast and easy-to-erect shelter system with many industrial applications. It can be used to ... provide a permanent or temporary store, a .workshop or a covered working area. In addition, Croxley Transcript is a carbonless copy ... paper, which produces clear and lasting copies from pressure alone - the pressure of a ballpoiot pen, pencil, typewriter key, embossed plate or computer printer. According to the makers, advantages of the paper are that there are no carbons to insert or remove, no carbons to fall out, oo carbons to . give away confidential information and no dirty hands or clothes.

Vocational training sessions planned

OATIF, Oct. 25 (SPA) - Oatif Vocational Training Center will organize training sessions oo carpentry and electricity, it was reported Friday. The two sessions, to enrol 40 students, will last Ig mooths starting

Trainees will be granted SR620 monthly incentive, SR260 monthly for clothes and free food, and transportation from and to the center. Upon graduation, trainces óbtain certificates that enable them work in the private sector, government departments or open their own workshops with an SR100,000 loan from the Saudi Credit Bank, Distinguished students will have the opportunity of continuing education aboard.

In Canada

Nawaf studies Islamic center

By Nabil Hachem

OTTAWA, Canada, Oct. 25 - Prince Nawaf ibn Abdul Aziz and Abdullah Nassif, president of King Abdul Aziz University, visited the Estri region in Canada to study the possibility of creatiog an Islamic center.

According to Nassif, the ceoter is to become the beadquarters of the "Institute of Islamic Nadons," . a financial and cultural organization grouping several Islamic coun-

Comment

By Muhammad Al-Wazzan At Bilad

For the past 11 years, Muamar Qaddafi bas been casting slanders at the Arabs and Muslims using every lie and fabrication at his command. He has been ooe of the causes of major woes of the Arab world due to his alien thoughts and ideologies. He is not only a berenc, but bas transgressed to call himself the Messenger of the Sahara.

Qaddafi pushed his country into poverty, hunger and disease at a time when Libya made a buge revenue from its oil wealth. But all this revenue seems to have gone with the wind as a result of the interests of this crazy man who is thriving on his sick ideologies only to harm the Muslims and spread lies around them. He is keen to see his came in the limelight, co matter what the cost.

Since 1969, Libyan people are living in bunger and poverty owing to the terror and ideologies of Qaddafi and his followers. This "Messenger of the Sahara," who changes facts into bes and acts as if be is trying to revive Paganism, is spreading atheism and corruption in the world. He calls for the propagation of immorality and sedition and asks Muslims to deviate from the divine laws.

I wooder what the fate of eoduring Libya would be under the farce of this man who has transformed his country ioto a swamp for Communism and atheism. He ought to know that his end is imminent, as the will and determination of the people of Libya would soon eliminate his myths and delusions which he has publicised through pamphlets and hired press interviews, for which be pays millions of pounds at the expense of his bungry and suffering peo-

ple.
This spurious "messenger" promises his people beaven in the Kremlin, as be believes in Karl Marx and Friedrick Engels. In fact, be has blasted all religious and sublime values to give vent to his own craziness and beretical ideas.

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problems of tomorrow today.

The institute was founded in 1979 in order achieve two goals. Nassif said the goals. to achieve two goals. Nassif said the goalsinclude contributing to the development of the Islamic world with the belp of Western . technology and becoming a "messanger of "

Islam" in the Western countries.

The institute is beaded by Saad Gabr, an Egyptian businessman of Moroccan origin, who lives in Mootreal part of the year. Prince Nawaf was invited to dinner with Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Turdean and Energy Minister Marc Laloode, Discussions centered on the Iraq-Iran war, as well as developing relations between Riyadh and Ottawa.

Olayan joint venture formed with Japanese

TQKYQ, Oct. 25 - The establishment of Mitsubishi Qlayan Machinery Industries, Saudi Arabia Ltd., was formally approved during a meeting of the board of directors of Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Ltd., sources announced Saturday.

The decision was made during a meeting of the board oo October 11, the source added. The new joint vecture, with its head office in Al-Khobar will cooduct its primary business at its equipment maintenance shop in the Al-Jubail Industrial Complex. Capitalized at SR4 million, Mitsubishi Olayan Machinery Industries is owned 50 per cent by Mitsubishi Corporation. The principal officers of the oew company are Z. W. Khouri, Chairman of the Board; and Takaya Ida, president.

The new firm plans to provide a variety of services in additioo to maintenance of equipment including the construction of petro-chemical, chamical, desalination and water treatment plants, oil refineries, environmental equipment, oil and water storage tanks, pipelines, etc. Mitsubishi Olayan Machinery Industries also will supply maintenance services to industrial, steel and other machinery plants.

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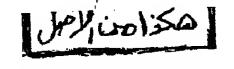
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dom Egypt raps Israeli bid to annex the Golan

CAIRO, Oct. 25 (AP) - Egyptian Foreign finister Kamal Hassan Ali has denounced a we in the Israeli parliament to annex yia's Golan Heights as a "violation of ignational laws and the Camp David rements."
Alf's remarks were made to Cairo televi-

or apon arrival Friday from Washingtoo here be held talks last week with Americao nd Israeli delegates to the Palestinian autnomy talks to prepare for a tripartite Camp avid style summit.

President Anwar Sadat suggested the mmit with U.S. Presideot Jimmy Carter Mod Israeli Prime Minister Meoahem Begio o summare me autonomy talks he suspended any in August following the passage of a bill parliament formerly annexing East ensalem.

Sadat's decisioo was also takeo in protest gainst Israel's insistence oo expanding Jewaza Strip. The Palestinian territories and he Golan Heights were occupied . during the 967 Mideast war.

Last week's talks would be followed by a neeting on the technical level Nov. 17, probbly in Egypt to follow up what was discussed n Washington, Ali was quoted as saying. He aid the planned summit requires adequate reparation so that positive result could be

Ali, who arrived here stopping over in witzerland for few days, said points of disag-tements between Egypt and Israel on autmomy issues were not discussed at the

Washington meeting. Discussing such points may require holding



another ministerial level meeting. The outcome of the planned talks would be submitted to the summit that is expected to be held in Washington io January next year.

Ali also denounced the expulsion of two Palesooiao West Bank mayors, Fahd Qawasmeh and Muhammad Milhem hy Israeli authorides. The mayors were expelled in May following an Arah ambush io Hebron that killed six Israelis.

"The laod is theirs (the mayors) and expelling any citizen from his owo land is a violanon of f the Geneva Agreement, the Camp David accords and all international laws," Ali said before the scheduled arrival here Sunday of Israeli President Yitshak Navon A Navon's visit is a follow-up of the normalizaoon process between Egypt and Israel.

Ali expressed belief that there woold be oo much difference in the United States if Republican presideotial candidate Rooald Reagan became presideot "simply because there is a uoanimous agreement in the United States that the Palestinian quesooo should be solved and that peace should prevail in the Middle East."

He said the Middle East question would remain "among the first priorities eveo if

Libyan involvement alleged

Chad ceasefire in jeopardy

ABIDJAN, Oct. 25 (R) - Allegations of fired Libyan military iovolvement in the ir-month-old civil war in Chad are threatenag a ceasefire agreement between the two ival factions, African diplomatic sources said

iere Friday.
.: Rebel Defense Minister Hissene Habre nade the allegations when he attended an borted one-day peace conference on Chad n the Togolese capital of Lome last week,

they said.

Habre, who has since returned to the iffenbattled Chad capital of N Djamena, was quoted as saying that his guerrillas to the city had captured regular Libyan troops fighting aloogside forces loyal to Presideot Goukouni

The diplomats said similar allegations had beeo made before and oever proven. But they added that it was the first time Habre had claimed to have captured Libyans and was willing to present them to the international press. They said that if the allegations were proved, they would seriously undermine efforts underway in Lome under the auspices of the Organizatioo of African Unity (OAU), to work out cooditions of a ceasefire agreement in N Djamena.

Spanish king visits Kuwait for oil talks

MADRID, Oct. 25 (AP) - Spanish King Juao Carlos aod his wife Queeo Sofia Saturday flew to Kuwait, the first leg of their 10-day state tour of that country, Japan and Indonesia. Traveling with them was Foreign Affairs minister Jose Pedro Perez Llorca.

Reports here said in addition to strengthening friendly links with those nations, the trip would be used to try and promote tighter economic relations.

In his 24-hours stay io Kuwait the king, the reports said, would discuss with officials crude oil supplies to Spain.

Because of the Iraq-Iran war Spaio's oil reserves, officials said, are good for 87 days only. Spain imports 95 per cent of its oil oeeds with Iraq and Iran couoting altogether for 23 per cent of such supplies.

The royals are scheduled to arrive in Tokyo Oct. 27 and leave for Jakarta oo Oct. 31. In Japan the king will meet with Emperor Hirohito, the Crown Prince and Premier Senko Suzuki. In these meetings the king too, Madrid sources said, will try to eocourage



King Juan Carlos

Japanese investment in Spanish industrial projects, especially in automaking ones.

During his three-day visit to lodonesia the king will talk with Presideot Suharto and tour a number of industrial projects in some of which Spain has a participation, including a plant for construction of a Spanish-designed transport plane and ao oil refinery.

Lebanon complains to U.N. about Israeli aggression

UNITED NATIONS, Oct. 25 (Ageocies) - Lehanoo has complained to the Security Couocil about Israel's policy of preemptive strikes and asked the 15-nation hody to decide measures to deal with the problem. Ghassan Tueni, Lehaoon's chief delegate, Friday addressed the complaint "in the strongest possible terms' to the council pres-

ident, Oleg Troyanovsky of the Soviet Union. Tueni called personally on Troyanovsky to discuss the situatioo. In his letter, the Lehanese delegate said that if Israel's policy were permitted to cootioue "a new dimensioo might be added to the present Middle East crisis io a manner that may be of the utmost gravity to all concerned."

While the U.N. tried to end the Iran-Iraq war, Israel was further escalatiog its acts of aggressioo in a manner that endangered world peace and warranted the immediate atteotion of the council, Tueni said. He left it to the members to decide how to bandle the

Tueni charged that Israel, usiog "sophisticated" American aircraft" in a manner incompatible with cooditions of purchase. had bombarded Lebanese towns and villages and caused heavy casualties.

Israeli seacraft have shelled Tyre and other coastal areas, be went oo, aod "field artillery has releotlessly bombarded objectives in and beyood the area of operations of the U.N. Interim Force in Lebanon.

"The Israeli army has been consolidating

its positions inside the Lehanese international border." he said, and on the night of Oct, 22 hlew up houses and kidnapped civilians in the village of Aita-El-Jahal.

In Beirut, meanwhile, Prime Minister Salim Hoss said Friday that Israel had used U.S.-made aircraft in its latest attack on Lebanon and called on Washington to take practical measures to balt Israeli aggressioo.

The U.S. State Department Thursday expressed its serious coocern over Israel's preemptive air strike south of Beirut on Wednesday and said it was iovestigating whether Israel violated restrictions on the use of U.S.-supplied arms.

Hoss said in a press statement that it was not the first time U.S.-made weapons bave beeo used by Israel to attack Lebanoo. He called on the United States to express its concern and opposition to Israel's policy of preemptive strikes in a practical way.

"Is the United States looking for a role of leadership to the world or is it submitting to the will of an aggressive state like Israel, which is adopting a course of blackmail in imposing its will on world powers?" Hoss demanded.

Under the 1952 defense supplies agreement with Washingtoo, Israel promised to use U.S.-supplied arms only in legitimate self-defense. The Carter administration bas told Israel on several occasions that it does oot regard the policy of preemptive strikes as legitimate self-defense.

Denktash confers with Turkey junta

ANKARA, Oct. 25 (R) - Turkish Cypriot leader Rauf Denktasb met Turkish military and civilian leaders Friday amid hopes that receotly improved Greek-Turkish reladons could speed progress toward a Cyprus

Denktash had talks with Turkish Armed Forces Chief and Head of State Gen. Kenan Evreo, Premier Bulend Ulusu and Foreign Minister Ilter Turkmen, his first contacts here since last month's military coup.

The Turkish Cypriot leader avoided direct comment on Greece's recent announcement that it will rejoin the military wing of the North Atlaotic Treaty Organization (NATO) io his statement to reporters.

But diplomade sources said there was opumism that the Greek move, a result of improved Greek-Turkish understanding, could have a posiove effect oo the intercommunal talks between Greek and Turkish Cyprio1 leaders.

The sources said discussions were taking place about the possible repatriation of Greek Cypriots to the Varosha area of Famagusta, which is in the northern part of

Cyprus invaded by Turkish troops in 1974. Varosha's mainly Greek-Cypriot inhahitants fled to the south leaving the heach resort like a ghost town. It has since been unoccupied aod surrounded by barbed wire and Turkish troops.

The sources said one possibility heing discussed was the repatriation of the area's former inhabitaots with the United Nations administering the area.

"Denktash said his side was demanding equal political partnership" in Cyprus. The phrase appeared to he a new one, hut Denk-



Rauf Denktash

tash declined to elaborate. Death sentence

In another development, Turkey's, military rulers confirmed the death sentence Friday on a left-wing extremist convicted of murder and he was expected to hang within days or even hours.

The five-man Nadonal Security Council said that Serdar Sovergil would be executed after the decision had been published in the government gazette, state radio reported, The gazette is published daily. Two other executions carried out under the military rulers - the first in Turkey since 1972 - took place within hours of the council's decision. Soyergil was found guilty by a martial law

court of killing another left-winger during a gunfight in the southern port of Adana. Since the Sept. 12 coup and subsequent stricter military controls, poliocal violence has dropped dramatically. Before the takeover an average of 16 people were dying every day, but deaths are now only rarely

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Resignation greeted calmly

Europe wishes Kosygin well

LONDON, Oct. 25 (AP) - The resignatinn of Soviet Premier Alexi Kosygin drew a benign reception in Western Europe. Many West European newspapers wished the ailing Soviet leader well.

In a typical comment, The Times of London declared that Knsygin represented the "more realistic and pragmatic face of Soviet Communism." Italy's largest newspaper, Corriere Della Sera of Milan, also independent, saw Kosygin as a "reformist technocrat defeated by the Soviet apparatus.

"He was a symbol of a hope and of an age that today is seriously ill - just like the man who represented it," the Milan paper said. Britain's Liberal national newspaper. The Guardian, said Kosygin had a lifetime of "constructive work," adding: "We can scarcely forbear to wish the old man a happy

retirement. In Rome, the Socialist La Repubblica shrugged off Kosygin's departure, saying it looked sensarinnal but "does not mean any change in the Soviet leadership.

Turin's La Stampa, owned by the Fiat auto company, said Kosygin had launched three unsuccessful economie plans. But the newspaper commented that the Kremlin had always asked him to perform the impossible - to build up simultaneously Soviet strategie

Elderly rulers

MOSCOW Oct, 25 (AP) - Muscovites expressed regret about Premier Alexi Kosygin's resignation because of failing health and some suggested the government could use younger leaders.

One man said 69, the average age of members of the ruling Politburo, was "a time for

A portrait and hiography of the nation's new premier, Nikolai Tikhunov, 75, were published at the bottom of the front page of the Communist Party newspaper Pravda and a new book of his speeches and articles was prominently displayed at Moscow's largest

An ald man there said, "I guess we all ought to huy copies of this now."

Kosygin's hooks were still on the shelves too. But there were no plaudits for him from the government he helped lead for the past 16 years nor any fresh word of his whereabouts.

Kosygin, 76, was last seen in public Aug. 3, closing day of the 1980 summer Olympic games, and is helieved hospitalized with serious beart and respiratory problems.

Overall reaction to Tikhnnov's appointment was muted, though the selection raised new questions about the future of a Soviet government dominated by old men. Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev is 73, Tikhonov, 75, Soviet Foreign minister Andrei Gramyko, 71, party idenlogist Mikhail Sus-

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power and a narmal economy.

"The history of Alexei Kosygin is the histnry of Soviet industry - or hetter, of its incapability in become an efficient

economy," said La Stampa. West Germany's Frankfurter Allgemeine

Zeitung contrasted the styles of Kosygin and his predecessor Nikita Khrushchev, whom Kosygin replaced in 1964." While the farmer premier was temperamental, exuherant, sametimes uncontrollable, Kosygin aperated coolly, drily, bureaucarancally," the news-

In Japan, the resignation was given frontpage treatment. Japanese Prime Minister Zenko Suzuki told reporters he predicted no basic change in Soviet policy under the new premier, Nikalai Tikhonov.

Norway's biggest daily, Aftenposten, saw Tikhnnov's appointments as demonstrating Moscow's inability to agree on a" real successor" for the key position.

"The crisis in Soviet agriculture is now hecoming acute. Only radical political deci-sions can bring about a solution," said Aften -

In Paris, the conservative Le Figaro called the resignation "an event without precedent that shows, with the simultaneous nomination of Nikolai Tikhonov, the maturity of a

worry Soviets

lov, 77; and Andrei Kirilenko, a tnp Brezhnev aide and party secretary, is 74.

Only a few of 10 Muscovites interviewed on the street Friday were familiar with details of Tikhunov's life. One middle-age wuman, a doctor, said, "Of course, we respect the recommendation of the central committee and our government, He (Tikhooov) is a good candidate. But it is desirable to have a younger, more active person.

Added a 40-year-old civil engineer: "From my point of view, we need to make the government ynunger and to secure personnel who are nnt only economic leaders but people with scientific knowledge."
About Knsygin's resignation, there was

mostly regret. "He was respected by everyone, " the

wnman ductor said.

'He was a good person, an intellectual head of government," said a 22-year-old stu-

dent of politics. "It is a pity that he resigned." "He was a very pleasant, very sympathetic person," said a 28-year-old woman, who said she had met Kosygin nn a few occasions in her capacity as a teacher at a children's hobby club accasionally tnured by Soviet leaders.

However, she too said, "the future is for young people" and that some younger leaders were needed. One man said Kosygin's 16-year stewardship of the nation's economy had proved a failure. "You can see for yourself there aren't so many consumer gunds."

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L'Unita, organ of Italy's Communist Party - the largest in the West - said that 'papular imagination" had attributed to Kosygin "purposes, merits and defeats without any base. It remains the fact that during his mandate the Soviet economy has known a deep revolution which can be variously judged but that nobody can underestimate."

Communist papers in Eastern Europe mainly carried news of the resignation with-





GRAY HEADS: Alexí Kosygin, above, resigned at 76 from a heirarchy dominated by old men. Bottom phnto shows leaders voting at a session of the Supreme Soviet. Among them are Leonid Brezhnev, 73, and party ideologist Mikhail Suslov, 77, at

Telephone lines cut

40 killed in Mexico quake

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 25 (AP) — A severe earthquake ripped through southern Mexico Friday, sending tens of thousands of people fleeing in panie into the streets as adobe and hrick huildings erumbled. Anthorities said at least 40 persons were killed.

The Red Cross said more than 15 persons were killed and 400 injured in the town of Huajuapan de Leon, near the epicenter of the quake, when a crowded public market huilding collapsed together with a number of private bauses. Telephane communications with Huajuapan were cut, and the road leading to the town was blocked in a number of places by earthslides.

'The report is positive. We have a radin report from ambulances we sent out there are 15 dead and 150 injured in Huajuapan de

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Leon," Red Cross ambulance dispatcher Eulogio Garcia said from the neighboring state capital of Puehla. "Red Across volunteers are digging through the rubble of a hospital and a number of private houses. They are finding more. We expect the number of casualties may gn up." Garcia said.

He said the Red Cross in Puebla sent 10 ambulances to Huajuapan. Tebuacan, a town 102 km in distance, sent another four, The federal government rushed three police helicopters to help with the rescue work. Tehuacan Red Cross chief Agustin Avila Delgado confirmed the report that 15 bad died in Huajuapan.

Klan organizing terrorist armies, U.S. report says

DALLAS, Texas, Oct. 25 (AFP) - Paramilitary units of the racist Ku Klux Klan (KKK) organization have been training regularly in clandestine camps, according to a report issued here Friday by the U.S. Civil Rights Commission.

A resurgence of KKK terrorist activity is inevitable, the report warned, unless the federal government takes immediate action. The report said that KKK training camps were functioning in Texas, Alabama, Connecticut. Illinois and North Carolina.

In Texas, the report said, the Texas Emergency Reserve (TER), which is linked in the KKK, conducts factical exercises two weekends each munth. Between 200 and 500 people, many of whnm are former servicemen or are still serving in the military at Fort Hood, are TER members, the report said.

The report said that in Alahama guerrilla-warfare training was being given by the "Knights of the Klan," one of the principal hranches of the KKK, in a camp near Cullman. The camp is named "My Lai," a village in Viemam where hundreds of Vietnamese civilians were killed, by U.S. troops.

Members of these paramilitary organizations are "pathological haters of blacks, Jews and other minurity groups," the report charged. "A clear danger of oew Klan viol-

ence is more serious than ever." It called on the Federal Bureau of Investigann (FBI) to resume its surveillance of the KKK and its related groups. The FBI ended its watch over KKK activities in 1976, saying that there appeared to be no imminent danger of terrorist activity.

MG sports car plant shut in economy move

LONDON, Oct. 25 (AFP) — The factory that turned out the MG sports car, plaything of playboys in the 1950s, has closed down, ostensibly for good.

The plant, at Abingdon west of London, produced its last MGB nn Wednesday and went into refirement Friday as part of the troubled British Levland's rompany's cost-

the London-France Committee Comer amagage, specific compatibilities, the stagenal NO case the become by conveying enthusiasts across the world, might be revived by Leyland as early as next spring.

The paper said that existing compensations available to Leyland, coupled with market loyalty, provided grounds for believing that the next in the Triumph sports car series, the riple bat many time! and in 1 see

The nld sport car's funeral was annunced by Leyland in the summer, when the London daily Evening News - itself since consigned tn closure - wrote that "if Big Ben tumbled into the Thames, it could hardly have greater impact on national pride. Britain used to lead

the world in sports car design." The demise of MG highlights the threat in nther famous names in the British way of life such as the daily paper The Times, which recently devoted an editorial to national decline and is itself now for sale nr closure by

Town defends Swiss against U.S. visa law

SMITHVILLE, Missouri, Oct. 25 (LAT) - Until last July, the 1,700 residents of this farm town 32 km north of Kansas City worried a good deal more about wheat prices than about U.S. immigration law.

Then word began to spread. Mayor Willard Pence's wife heard it first in the grocery store and hurried home to tell her husband: Franz Leuthardt, the young, hardworking Swiss farmer who had arrived in town with his wife and son just one and a half years agn, was secretly trying to sell his 141-acre vegetable farm, even though it was finally showing a prafit after mouths of dawn-to-dusk work

When his neighbors inquired, Leuthardt, 33, explained that he had to sell because be was in the United States on a temporary nnnimmigrant visa, and that the Immigranon and Naturalization Service would not give him a permanent visa. He was, according to the law, a "nonpreference alien."

The town and Leuthardt had come face tn face with what one immigration expert sardonically calls the "unintended consequences" of recent revisions in immigration law.

Most of these changes were made by Congress to end racial favoritism, but they ended up creating what many consider to be new farms of inequity. Critics, including some within the government, now use phrases such as "confused," arhitrary" and "irrational" to describe the criteria by which some people are admitted and others are barred from this country. The Senate judiciary committee has passed a hill that would cure some of the problems, but it has yet to come before the

"Franz Leuthardt is not alone," Jerry Tinker, staff counsel for immigration and refugee affairs for the committee, said. There are many nthers in the same boat."

But residents here knew only of their neighbor's plight last month when they started directing a flood of letters and phone calls to the Smithville City Hall, the Kansas City office of the INS and the western Missouri affice of Senatar Thamas Eagleton, a Missouri Democrat.

The phrases used most often to describe the Leuthardts in these messages were "selfsupporting," pulling their own weight" and "good people," By good people, most meant that Leuthardt rose before dawn, worked a hoe by hand and didn't stop until well after

The letters and calls contained more than a hint of backlash over the influx of 120,000 Cuban refugees. These references to "people on welfare," some in town contended, did unt reflect prejudice so much as an appreciation for hard-working self-supporters of any race
— the type of people, they said, who started this country.

"Someone bere said if Franz left and came nn back through Cuba, be could get in free and easy. It just seems kind of unfair," said

There are explanations for the present immigration policies, although must are not known hy people here. Before 1965, immigration law operated on a quota system that oted a higher proportion of perm visas to applicants of certain ethnic backgrounds, particularly Western and northern Europeans, such as Leuthardt. This came to be considered a racist policy.

Tn end such favnritism, the 1965 Immigration and Nationality Act eliminated preferences by natinnality and made the same maximum number of visas available annually to each country. No mnre than 20,000 visas can now go to a single country in one year. Overall, 280,000 permanent visas can be issued

The law also established who had prinrity for these visas. Those with no close relatives in the United States and no needed skills now have little chance of getting a permanent visa, unless they are refugees. Leuthardt, seeking

Carrington hits disarmament bid

LONDON, Oct. 25 (AFP) - British Fareign Secretary Lord Carrington said here Friday that the western allies" must stick to our commitment to hase U.S. Cruise and Pershing missiles in Western Europe" and rejected a pulicy of unilateral disarmament by Britain.

In a speech before the British United Nations Association, a private group, Lord Carrington said that " to abandon that commitment" to deploy the missiles heginning in 1983 " could undermine American efforts to reach a satisfactory (disarmameot) agreement with the Russians."

He insisted that unilateral disarmament, which was endorsed receody by the annual ennference of the opposition Labor Party, ' is not a policy which any government with Britain's interest at heart could pursue.

However, he said, Britain remained committed to the ultimate objective of general and complete disarmament. The foreign secretary said that he was incre singly convinced that unilateral disarmament " makes it easier for others to use possession of weapons to gain their abjectives with or ment. In biservoll, therend their annihilate crain plocis.

The oreign secretary observed that the problems of Europe are quite different from (those of) other continents because in Europe nuclear weapons have for many years heen irrevocably bound up with the security of both sides.

This is a fertile field for Soviet propagands " he eaid " but the Soviet record is tions the production they gain the terms in the conlittle of substance.

Lord Carrington cited chemical weapons as a " classic case of the verification problem. We believe the Soviet Union has a massive chemical weapons capability.

In his speech, the foreign secretary also mentioned the problem of Soviet interventinn in Afghanistan. The Soviet action, which he said was in total contradiennn of USSR's nhigations under the U.N. charter, had undercut the foundations of popular support for armaments control, especially in the

what is called an "investor visa." was in this "non-preference" group.

The Leuthardts arrived in Smithville on March 8, 1979. They bought a hame in town - there was none on their farm - and immediately began clearing clogged drainage

ditches, huying tools and preparing the land. Their neighbors eyed them with some curiosity, because 141 acres in these parts is considered too small for a successful farm. But Leuthardt had a different idea - he had seen small "you-pick" vegetable forms in England, where buyers come to the source of

Hurrying before the cool weather ended. he put 50,000 strawberry plants in the ground and erected a large sign on a nearby highway with a picture of a giant strawberry and direc-

He made no money at all in the first year on his farm. This year, with green beaus, raspberries, nkra, zucchini and tnmatoes 10 go with the main strawherry crop, he drew 5,000 customers, made a profit and even planted some winter wheat.

He also employed six local people during harvest time, paid a neighbor \$4,000 to load and transport the wheat and remitted sales tax to Missouri for all strawberry sales. He had won the admiration of his neighbors, but he still did not have a permanent visa.

"This makes it very difficult for me to plan for the future, and that is nn good, because farming is a long-term business," he said. "I want to lay more irrigation lines and gravel roads, expand my planting, and huild a hame an the farm. I can't do this if I dan't know

So Leuthardt quietly tried to sell the farm by placing ads in distant papers. He did not want publicity, he said. But when he could find no huyer, he advertised in papers closer

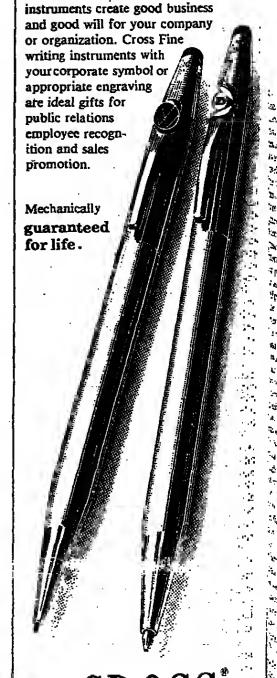
That was how the community first learned nf his plight. Outraged neighbors soon began talking, and one eventually contacted a Kansas City newspaper. which ran a stury about Leuthardt

The city of Smithville wrote to Eagleton and Republican Congressman Thomas Coleman and made plans for a petition drive. There was a torrent of letters and phone calls, many from outlying counties. Some knew Leuthardt personally, others bad just picked vegetables at his farm, a few had simply read about him in the newspaper. Eagletnn's aide, Bob White, called the response "unusually widespread."

"If there is room here for all those buddled masses, for the tired and the poor, you can bet your party platform there's room fur three whn are hardy and enterprising," one resident wrote.

No one bas tried tn explain tn the people bere that Leuthardt is not competing for a visa with Cuban refugees, who were admitted through special legislation.

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Rule-bending pays off

Hungary: Soviet bloc oasis

BUDAPEST, Oct. 25 (WP) — The guard held the passport up to the traveler's face, his eyes jumping from one to the other, then called a superior. Jointly they confinued scruiny of the document for some time before stamping it and handing it back.

With the exception of this ritual of suspicion that is common on all Soviet bloc countries. Hungary seems to have created a world that is disonct in Eastern Europe.

There is an abundance of things here that are missing elsewhere in the region — the shops are full of consumer goods and there is plenty of food. But there is also a spirit of iolerance in Hungary's poliocal and social life and officials tend to display a degree of candor virtually unknown elsewhere in the bloc.

As a result. Hungary seems an oasis of stability in Eastern Europe to somewhat embrassed Hungarian officials, who watch with mounding concern the unfolding crisis in Poland and food shortages and internal difficulties in other Warsaw Pact countries.

At the same ome, the Hungarians see their economic prosperity and social stability as a vindication of their "path to Socialism" on which policies are bent to fit local conditions

without violating ideological taboos and without making dramatic changes.

Expecting hard economic times in the 1980s. Hungary is now preparing to expand on records that include provision for unemployment as a means of improving labor efficiency. Another innovation is a planned curtailment of industrial growth.

Both amount to virtually revolutionary changes within the Socialist world, particularly the introduction of unemployment which, according to senior government economist Bela Czikos-Nagy, would eliminate "absolute job security" and induce workers to increase productivity,

"The people have the right to work," Czikos-Nagy said in an interview, "not the right to hold jobs without performing."

For the first ome, authorides have begun firing inefficient workers this year. The most dramade instance of this new trend in labor-management relations was the firing of about 300 workers at an export-oriented factory in Gyor, in western Hungary.

Czikos-Nagy and Janos Fekete, deputy director of the Hungarian Nadonal Bank, both conceded that the Gyor workers have been "shifted" from their jobs to other plants. Thus far, they said, the new policy has not produced unemployment because the dismissed workers are picked up by other firms. But, they said, the authorities are planning on "relatively low unemployment levels" in this decade.

"We are seeing a new phenomenon in Hungary," said Czikos-Nagy. "People are showing a far greater interest in their jobs because now they have to keep them. We can see that they are now working better."

The Hungarian government has insisted that greater efficiency and scaled-down capital investments are essential steps if this country is to maintain its present living standard. Unlike previous years, nobody now expects that life bere is going to get better in the 1980s.

The main source of Hungary's economic well-being is its strong agriculture. With about 3 per cent of land in private hands, Hungary's agriculture is organized in cooperatives run on a profit-sharing basis and including financial incentives for high performance. Unlike most other Warsaw Pact countries, Hungary is able to provide plenoful food supplies for its population without imports.

Agricultural exports account for roughly half of Hungary's \$5 billion annual exports and are the principal source of hard currency.

The strong agricultural performance has enabled Hungarian authorines to mount an effort to reorient their state-owned industries. The government, for instance, has abandoned shipbuilding in favor of the production of containers for cargo-carrying ships. Unable to compete with the Japanese and Germans, the Hungarians stopped their production of motorcycles.

"We'll have to shut other inefficient factories," said Fekete.

The current changes came in the wake of earlier Hungarian efforts to adopt a pricing system that takes into account world prices. Unlike the Poles and other East Europeans, the Hungarians have a flexible pricing system.

"Watching the situation in world markets," a senior member of the Hungarian Communist Party central committee said, "we concluded that it would be impossible for us to stabilize prices at their previous levels.

"The populaton, of course, was not happy about price increases in Hungary. But we have done this cautiously, gradually, explaining each step to the people. At the same time we are telling the workers, 'You must work better if you want to maintain your living standard,' for the question of improved productivity is crucial for us."

Although Hungary's loyalty to Moscow is not questioned, the new reforms may in the long run he seen by the Russians are posing a substantial deviation from the Soviet economic model. The Hungarians, however, privately hope for precisely the opposite expecting their changes to provide a model for reforms within the entire Soviet bloc that they say are long overdue.



(AP photos)
WATER-TAPPING: New York City engineer Douglas Greeley, left, seems to be making a telephone call through a fire hydrant, buthe's actually using a leak-detecting device called an squaphone. At right, Greeley checks the soundness of water mains with a geophone.

\$16m for famed Impressionists

Wealthy buyers snap up Meyer collection

NEW YORK, Oct. 25 (AP) — Impressionist paintings brought record prices as the Andre Meyer art collection was auctioned off here this week with gilt-edged results that would have pleased the late financial wizard.

The millionaire's collection of 32 paintings and 10 sculptures brought \$16,463,588 at the Sotheby Parke Berner Gallery, although pre-auction estimates suggested that \$10 million would have been a nice round sum for the coffers of the Andre Meyer Charitable Foundation. The highlight of the glittering seance came when Vincent Van Gogh's "bouquet of wild Flowers," painted the month before his death at Auvers-Sur-Oisein, was bid up to the night's top price of \$2.2 million.

Two hours before the sale began, and well before the gallery even opened its doors, long black limousines were lining up in front of the Manhattan auction rooms at the corner of

Manhattan auction rooms at the corner of Madison Avenue and 76th Street.

Repoir's "The Bohemian Girl" set a record at \$1.6 million. The highest price ever

paid for a Daumier was the \$280,000 for the 19th centilry French painter-caricaturist's "Two Actors."

Cezanne's "Portrait of Antoine Vallabregue" went for \$1.5 million for another Van Gogb, "The Bridge at Trinquetaille,"

The Impressionists were not the only ones to fetch a small fortune. Most bidders dropped out after a Picasso reached the milliondollar mark, and "Child with White Ruff" went just afterward for \$1,050,000. A youthful self-portrait sold for \$300,000 and a composition entitled "Violin" brought twice as much

Rembrandt's "Portait of Petronella Buys" was given a starting price of \$535,000, which was quickly bid up to \$900,000.

Other high-priced acquisitions:

 A million dollars for a family portrait by Degas.

- \$240,000 for a still life of chrysanthemums by Henri Fantin-Latour. - \$310,000 for Bonnard's "Three Bou\$230,000 for vuillard's portrait of his wife holding a bowl.
\$320,000 for a still life by Juan Gris.
Among the sculptures, Rodin's "Venus at

Her Toilet" was knocked down for \$65,000.

Andre Meyer died in Lausanne on Sept 9, 1979, six days after his 81st birthday. In willing his fabulous collection of art treasures to his foundation, he made no stipulation that it could not be sold.

The Paris, both Meyer began his career 35.2.

The Paris-born Meyer began bis career as a runner at the Paris stock exchange, and went on to become a broker before a brilliant hanking career with Lazard Freres. In 1940, fleeing before the invading Nazi armics, he went to the United States. He qualified for U.S. citizenship in 1948.

At the head of Lazard Freres in New York, he was one of the world's most influential financiers. He bad close relationships with Rockefellers and Kennedys and with a series of U.S. presidents.

U.S. sub bristles with computerized weapons

TO REDO FEAT: Arnaud de Rosnay, the French baron who says he rode a windsurfing craft like this one 750 nautical miles between two Polynesian islands, tells New

York reporters he'll repeat the stunt next month. Other wind-surfers have said the baron

O God, thy sea is so great and my boat is so small

So reads a brass plaque on the wall of Cmdr. Gilbert Wilkes' stateroom just off the fire control center of the USS Cincinnatian nuclear attack submarine of the United

States "Los Angeles" class, its most modern.
The quote does not refer to the skipper's feelings of inadequacy or fear, but rather to the qualines that enable subs to hide in the vast oceans — qualities that probably give them more flexibility than any other weapon in America's arsenal, and great ability to sur-

vive in wartime.

A travel trailer minus windows — that's what the living quarters of Wilkes and his 127-man crew look like — but the rest of the interior of the "boat," as submarines call it, is all business. Crammed in are a computer attack center with two periscopes, torpedoes and cruise missiles in the bow, air and water generators, ballast tanks, and the secret, nuclear-powered steam-driven turbine

It's all packed into a sleek, black and ominous cigar-shaped that reportedly can cruise at well over freeway speeds underwater, dive acarly a mile and attack other subs, surface ships and land targets more than a thousand miles away.

Unlike ballistic missile-launching submarines such as the older Poseidons and the huge new Tridents, and unlike the shipkilling subs of World War II, modern attack subs have many functions. The primary one is to destroy Soviet submarines.

The Soviet submarines.

The Soviet undersea force outnumbers America's 120 submarines by a 3-1 margin, although many of the Soviet subs have noiser and shorter-range diesel-electric propulsion. Of the 120 U.S. boats, 114 are nuclear and about 80 are strictly attack submarines. The Soviet fleet is made up of varying combinations of attack, Cruise-missile and ballisocmussile submarines.

Wilkes, whose vessel is based in Norfolk, Virginia, has a clear-cut job if war should break out with the Soviets: find and destroy as much of their huge underwater force as possible. Subs, it appears, are much better at finding and killing each other than any other modern weapons systems.

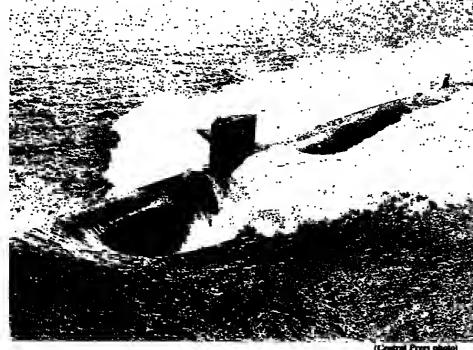
The tools of this deadly hunting game include sonar "ears" of amazing power and accuracy, computers, satellites, decoy "noise makers," along with Cruise missiles and noise-seeking torpedoes, both launched underwater and both armed either with nuclear or conventional warheads.

lear or conventional warheads.

A new Cruise missile, the Tomahawk, is being added to the arsenal of attack subsilike the Cincinnati with a range of 1,500 miles, nuclear or conventional warheads, and a "smart" guidance system, it will destroy either ship or tactical land targets with accu-

Frogman operations, nine-laying, landings of small parties on enemy shores and reconnaissance are other functions of attack subs,

racy that is said to be uncanny.



SUB AT SEA: A U.S. nuclear submarine parts the waves off the California coast on its way to the South Pacific for lengthy maneuvers. The sub weighs 69,000 tons and measures 108 meters from nose to tail.

but the firing of nuclear warheads for strategic purposes is left to the United States' 44 ballistic missile subs. Their function is to remain hidden during their 60-day patrols. They cruise slowly and silently, staying away from shipping lanes and constantly on the alert for instructions to launch their multiwarhead nuclear missiles toward Soviet

Like ballistic boats. U.S. attack subs never surface or talk back to headquarters while on patrol. To do so would mean losing their all-important assets — secrecy and unpredictability — and hence their ability to survive.

important assets — secrecy and unpredictability — and hence their ability to survive.

Reflects Wilkes: "The degree of autonomy we bave at sea at omes boggles the mind.

They (his commanders) can talk to us. We just don't acknowledge or talk back."

Wilkes says that if war comes, he believes the command posts ashore would be the first to go, "We'd be on our own anyway."

A system of checks and balances among a

A system of checks and balances among a submarine's officers prevents a commander from launching his missiles without authorization." It's a high stress environment, but we've trained for that.

we've trained for that.
"I don't think you can beat the record: 26 years without a nuclear accident. If there's going to be another war, I don't trust it to be fought by anything else. That's what keeps

me in it."

For security reasons, Wilkes will not say how his craft spends its months-long patrols, besides training and engaging in fleet man-

ivers.

Although a torpedo or Cruise missile has

not been fired in anger since World War 11, U.S. subs reportedly were involved in the 1960s and early 1970s in a long-term electronic and photographic spying exercise known as Operation Holystone.

American attack subs reportedly have gone close to the shores of the Soviet Union and other countries to take pictures, to tap into undersea cables and to monitor and track Soviet submarine and ship operations.

The USS Pintado crashed head-on into a Russian sub off its far east port of Petropavlosk in 1974, according to newspaper reports. And another "Holystone" spy sub was reportedly damaged when it tried to surface under a Soviet ship engaged in fleet exercises. Both U.S. subs made it back to base under their own power.

A 1976 congressional report listed nine U.S. nuclear sub collisions five-with Soviet subs. The report also listed "110 possible detections" by Soviets in the previous decade of patrolling U.S. submarines.

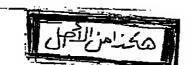
Given this knowledge, speculation about fin-to-fin "submarine races" may not be all that farfetched.

One former navy sonar operator said that he once clocked an unidentified submarine at a speed that seems almost impossible — 90 knots (or more than 100 m.p.h.)

But experts said they doubted such a 90knot speed exists. The entire sub would have to be filled with a huge nuclear power plant even if it were possible, they said. At that speed, a sub could be heard for hundreds or even thousands of miles underwater.



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SUPPOSED ADVANCE

The American envoy to the Middle East, Sol Linowitz, claimed that the seemingly endless "autonomy talks" hetween Egypt and Israel have recently made a substantial hreakthrough. He even put a figure on the supposed advance. The problem, he jubilated, is 30 per cent solved! It was not surprising that the envoy's joy was not reflected in Cairo, to which the Egypnian negoniator returned empty handed, recognising that he had merely taken part in a charade mounted to improve President Carter's electoral chances. The next round is scheduled for November 17th, by which time Carter will either be ready to mount another charade, or the whole thing has to be put off because Reagan is in the White House — and the man is hardly one of Camp David's keenest supporters.

Cairo now can scarcely hide its hitterness at America. It will know in a few months whether its gamble on Camp David has any glimmer of hope. As it is, the fact is that the United States, originally called in as "full partner" to the negoniaring process by President Sadat, has come out clearly as "full partner" for the Israeli negonator rather than anything else. Whatever Carter's intentions at the beginning, his slumping popularity has ensured his capitulation to the Zionist lobhy in the United States, so that even if he were to win, his hands have already been tied through promises and commitments.

The Cairo leadership is nevertheless still trying to sugar the hitter pill. It talks of some possible "gestures of good will" from the Begin administration — such as the release of some Arab prisoners or at least toning down the violence and boundless arrogance of Israeli official statements. Yet this modest wish notwithstanding, Begin goes on his merry way, giving one sign after another of his contempt for any peaceful settlement, as well for any hope of a political future for the people of Palesine. It is in this light that the recent decision to confirm the order of expulsion of the mayors of the towns of Al Khalil and Halbul has to be viewed; a decision which is of a piece with the assassination attempts against the two other mayors of Nahlus and Ramalla. In both cases, the aim is to destroy the Palestinian leadership on the West Bank and Gaza, so that when the time of outright annexation comes, the Paleshnians are leaderless and in no fit state to offer coherent political resistance.

Another clear sign comes from the two modions presented recently to the Knesset hy both the ruling Likud grouping and an independent member, both aiming at passing a law extending Israeli sovereignty over the Golan Heights, as has happened in the case of Jerusalem. It is in this way that Begin answers both Sadat's wishes and the "statisnics" of Snl Linowitz regarding the improvements in the prospects of Camp David.



How long will Mengistu-Moscow marriage last?

By Iain Guest

ADDIS ABABA -Four weeks ago they huried Ras I mru, Ethiopia's last surviving prince, in the ancient church of Trinity in Addis Ababa. It was a ceremony of pageantry and splendor, attended by most of the shadowy rulers of revolutionary Ethiopia, who listened dunfully to eulogies on the old man: how he had voluntarily distributed his lands to peasants before the revolution, and how he had been brought up with the deposed Emperor Haile Selassie.

The thousands of mourners then trooped hack to work, past the huge hammer and sickle in Revolution Square, the gaudy posters exulting war mar-tyrs, the crude exhortations to socialism. Such contrasts between traditional and modern-day Ethiopia are minutely studied by Western dipiomats here, trying to interpret the steamy entrails of Ethiopian politics. Starved of access to those in power, they have little more to go on than gossip and rumors, which are eagerly exhanged around the lush embassy compounds that were bequeathed by the Emperor Menelik in the last century.

The topic is, invariably, the marriage between the regime of Lt-Col. Mengistu Haile Mariam and his Soviet advisers, and whether he could, in the words of one diplomat, "do a Sadat or Numeiri and show them the hack door."

All agree that the interpretation of Russian influence, and the way that the West reacts, has farreaching consequences the more so after the Gulf war has underlined the West's lack of influence in the oil-producing Middle East. The U.S. in particular, angered by a series of squahbles which recently culminated in the expulsion of the U.S. ambassador from Addis Ababa, is already looking east to Ethiopa's arch rival Somalia, after the recent military pact allowing the U.S. access to the base at

Philosophically, few doubt that Mrs. Thatcher's cabinet shares this view, after the red and white terror, and Ethiopia's unwelcome criticism against the Lancaster House talks on Zimbabwe. Both the U.S. and Britain have frozen their aid, and Britain is reducing its diplomatic corps in Addis Ababa.

But most other Western allies are trying desperately to keep a foot in door, and in the case of Sweden, West Germany and Italy even increasing their aid. They warn that however understandable in the run-up to the U.S. presidential election, the hawkish U.S. attitude leaves America without any purchase in Ethiopia at a time when the Russians are consolidating their grip on Ethiopia. Although the U.S. is still Ethiopia's largest trading partner, the Russians have come from nowhere this year to purchase 23 per cent of Ethiopia's main export (coffee) at above world prices, and are also selling Ethiopia subsidized oil. This suggests to some observers an arrangement similar to Cuba's and the distinct possibility that Ethiopia will apply to join Comecon, possibly next year, unless given an alter-

To the self-confessed optimists, the Russian presence in Ethiopia is a temporary affair, despite the presence of over 12,000 Cubans who are stiffening the army in the Ogaden war against Somali freedom fighters, 2000 Russian economic and military advisers, and a scattering of Cubans and other East Europeans - mainly East Germans - providing technical assistance.

Although alarmed by these numbers, most Western diplomats, including Britain's dwindling con-tingent, feel that Ethiopia had little alternative hot to call on the Russians in 1977, when the Somalis attacked in the south and the Eritreans rose in the north. The war came at the peak of President Carter's human rights crusade: and although the fact remains that America refused to supply arms to Ethiopia's time of greatest need.

For many observers here, the disputed Ogaden is still the key to the Russian presence. Although the region is claimed by Somalia, a special committee of the OAU, which met recently in Lagos, came out with its strongest statement yet in support of Ethiopia's claim to the Ogaden, in line with the OAU Charter, which froze colonial boundaries.

Sympathy for the Somalis has been tempered by the fact that they are pressing their claims to the Ogaden through the WSLF fighters - particularly uncomfortable for European governments plagued by terrorism — and also that the Somali invasion of 1977 punched farther into Ethiopia than the area inhabited by ethnic Somalis.

Ethiopia's claim on Exitrea is less easy to defend, but if it is hard for Western diplomats, it is harder still for the Russians and Cubans, who trained and armed the Erittean rebels against Haile Selassie. The Cubans are staying assiduously out of the war in Eritrea, and although Russian equipment and advisers are in evidence, there is no confirmation that the fearsome M 1 24 gunships are being used, as reported.

Earlier this summer Mengistu visited Sudan in an effort to stop supplies reaching the Eritrean rebels, and President Numeiri is due to visit Addis Ababa, probably in November. Although Numeiri is keen to ease the burden of Eritrean refugees in the south of Sudan, be is also thought anxious to lessen the influence of his former Russian allies in neighboring Ethiopia, and this could, conceivably, he part of the deal. Either way, it suggests to some observers that the best strategy for the West is to try and help defuse the Eritrean conflict.

It takes an enlightened perspective to propose

this view in Addis Ababa, given the irritating isola-tion and restrictions on Western diplomats, while the Russians can open any doors. Partly by way of compensation, everyone has his favorite story of how much the Russians are disliked by ordinary Ethiopians. One diplomat recalls how Russian soldiers arrived in a bar in the town of Dire Daws -"just like extras from a John Wayne movie, with guns on their hips."

Behind such nttle-tattle is a serious point - that Africa's oldest country is fiercely proud and suspicious of foreigners, "Ultimately, the Russian system is alien, and the Russians will be revealed for what they are: white, successful, and users of the world's resources — like the colonialists," say one

To a large extent the speculation center around the enigmatic figure of Mengistu, the survivor cabals and cabinet shootongs, whose stern young features gaze down from public walls and offices. His contact with Western diplomats rarely extends beyond a brief presentation of diplomatic credentials, so there is, as usual, little of substance to go on: but descriptions of him range from "utterly ruthless" to "the most interesting leader in Africa, after

Aged population posing probl gaps are appearing at the bottom. (Apart from a

TOKYO -Only a decade ago, Japan had one of the youngest populations in the developed world; by the end of the century, it will have one of the oldest.

The economic and social challenges this transformation poses are reckoned by many experts to be a far more serious threat to Japan than any oil group, heavy dependence on raw materials, or world recession. Ouestions are being raised about Japan's ability to cope with health care, lifetime employment and adequate supplies of workers to the labor-intensive industries that still affect national growth.

Apart from two brief " baby booms" immediately after the war and between 1971 and 1974, Japan's birth rate has been in steady decline. After peaking at 1,510,000 birth in 1973, it has dropped below the million mark, In 1979, the percentage of children in the population was a postwar low of 23.6. The death rate is also declining as Japanese are now living longer than most people. With 10 years, experts helieve, 15 per cent of the population will be over 65.

A young populatinn was the key to Japan's postwar" economic mirade. "The products of the first baby boom mainly left school after finishing compulsory education at 15. They kept down wage costs and their willingness to move around the country helped Japanese industry develop in the most suitable and efficient sites.

All that is changing at frightening speed. The youth of that era is now moving into middle age, and

declining birth rate, the majority of youngsters now go to university or technical college and join the work force, at high pay, in their twenties.)

Major enterprises, needing to maintain international competitiveness with increased capital investment, are finding instead that an aging population is siphoning off a growing proportion of the cash. Social welfare, after all, is still largely a private rather than public responsibility.

Two casualties have been the nation's cherished pillars of postwar industrial peace: annual wage rises based on semonity rather than merit, and the lifetime employment guarantee.

Faced with the high cost of maintaining the two ideals, recession-hit industries have been looking for ways out. Last year, for example, some companies were able to persuade thousands of redundant workers to accept a "golden handshake" and retire early. The mandatory retirement age has long been set at 55, which was realistic half-a-century ago when the average lifespan was 53, but is no longer practical in the mid-seventies.

Lucky retirees have been able to launch a second career until a government pension at 65. But for various reasons, this is not available for an estimated one-third of the work force today. The system, in fact, is still linked to the old idea that the elderly are the primary responsibility of their chil-

Government and unions are now in agreement that the retirement age should be raised; and tentative moves have begun in some industries toward a new line around 58 to 60. In some labor-intensive

industries, where the declining birth rate is hurring recruitment, this might be welcome.

But the companies concerned are beginning to stress the idea that wage increases beyond, say the mid-40s, will have to be carned and will not be an automatic right. Even with this, the increasing wave and social welfare burden of an aging population is seen as a major negative factor for Japanese industry in the future.

Daisaku Maeda, of the Tokyo Metropolitan Institute of Gerontology, comments: "The increase of the aged population lays a heavy burden on any society. In the case of Japan, the rapid increase in older people raises particularly acute problem." Because public pension programs have not yet matured, the number of old people who can live economically independent lives is very small compared to the West, he says.

Children are still expected to look after their retired parents. But these days many do not have the economic resources, the room in cramped urban homes, or even the desire to fulfill their obligations. Industrialization and urbanization have split up miltions of families

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47) 31.,

Maeda admits that the government has been slow to realize the changing pattern, partly because no one in Japan has any experience in dealing with the care of the elderly outside the family circle.

There are virtually no" old people's homes" and the few that exist have long waiting lists, so that many completely bedridden elderly have to wait years for admission. There is also no volunteer tervice offering, for example, a home-visiting program. — (OFNS)

Arabian Press Review

Newspapers appearing after the Pilgrimage holidays Saturday mostly led with denunciation by the ulema and state officials of Libyan leader Muammar Qaddaff's haseless charges against the Kingdom. In a lead story, Okaz covered Iraq's strong attack on Qaddafi branding him as a "hired agent of Zionism". Al Medina and Al Riyadh played as their lead story Iraq's announcement of its full control over the Iranian city of Khorramshahr after 43 days of fierce battle between the Iraqi and Iranian armed forces.

Newspapers frontpaged large-scale condemnation of Qaddafi's allegations against Saudi Arabia, highlighting the Friday prayer sermons in which the ulema declared that any call for the suspension of the Pilgrimage could issue from an infidel only. They also gave front-page prominence to Iraq's complete control over Khorramshahr and Lebanon's protest to the U.N. Security Council against Israel's recent assaults on South Lebanon.

Newspaper editorials unanimously denounced President Qaddaff's remarks against the Kingdom, saying he has at last unmasked his face and proved his detachment from Islam. Addressing Oaddafi in an editorial. Al Jazirah said that, hy exploiting the sanctity of Pilgrimage rituals, he has only earned the admiration of his masters in the Kremlin and love and appreciation of the Zionists in Tel Aviv. The paper referred to many of Qaddaff's anni-Islamic acts in his country and gave prominence to King Khaled's cable to him in which he said that at least Saudi Arahia did not sign any dubious treaty or agreement with any circle and it will continue to tread on this line. The paper said it did not wish to count further misdeeds, but it felt compelled to say so much only when Oaddafi transgressed all sublime values and holy places.

Writing editorially on the same subject, Al Riyadh noted that the behavior and statements of the Libyan leader are no longer surprising to anyone since they don't represent a responsible attitude of a head of state. It resented Qaddafi's allegations which he issued without any religious or partiotic justification with which he can satisfy the people. The paper went on to say that the Lihyan leader is aware that the sacred places in this land cannot be desecrated by the feet of any occupier so long as faithful people are found here. The reality that a Muslim notices in this holy land is quite different from Qaddafi's hysteric aspirations to become the leader of the Arah and Islamic world with a distorted image of the Book of God and the Tradinons of the Holy Prophet, the

Al Yom regretted that President Qaddafi has stooped so low to reach a point of no return and remain isolated from the Arab and Islamic world. It is a matter of sorrow that not for one day did he as a responsible leader at a time when Arab and Islamic circles are exerting ceaseless efforts to achieve Arab and Islamic solidarity. Now that be has transgressed on the Islamic shrines and the divine law, no Muslim can possibly sit silent over his

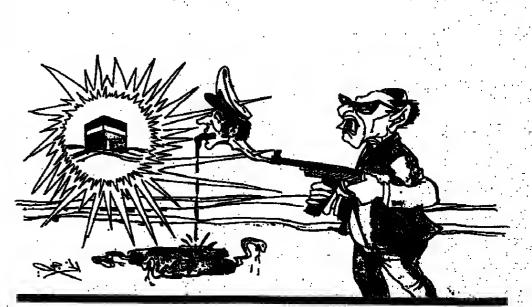
alien behavior, the paper said.

Al Nadwa felt gratified with King Khaled's description of President Qaddafi, but regretted that Qaddafi should have so behaved at a time when the Arab and Islamic nation is striving to unify ranks and mobilize all energies to confront the machinations of the enemies. The paper reaffirmed that Islam will continue to remain above such vile campaigns without anyone ever being able to create doubt in it. Through his behavior, Qaddafi and men like him only expose themselves before the entire Islamic

nation, it added. Al Bilad stressed the need for a political action not only to confront President Qaddaff but also to put an end to such a grave phenomenon as he has brought to prominence. Saudi Arahia challenges Qaddafi from the stand-point of its historic responsibility toward the Arab and Islamic nation, it said. The paper added that the Libyan leader's position as his country's leader imposes on him a complete departure from such tendencies as he has chosen rear in himself at the expense of the Libyan people

and the Islamic faith.

Okaz recalled the 1973 Arab-Israeli war when, at the instance of King Faisal, the Arabs had used the oil as an economic weapon. It said that even at that time President Qaddafi neither took part in any military action against Israel nor used oil as a weapon against the enemy. Instead, his regime exploited the opportunity and increased the oil production and began marketing it through the Zionist-owned companies, the paper said.



achtsman misses out on lifetime voyage

JEDDAH - It looks as though Roger and long Erickson won't be going home with Trol lop after ail.

When the Ericksons fly out of Jeddah for the last time next month, Trollop, a pretty young lady of 12, is likely to remain behind If the day is clear, Eric and Iona just might catch a last glimpse of ber from the window of their aircraft as it soars north over Obhor

She'll probably be riding high at anchor — sleek and racy — with the bright sun glinting off of ber freshly-painted hull. That's pretty much the way she looked back in 1978 when Roger saw her in the creek for the first time. He and long fell in love with her theo god it won't be easy to leave ber now.

If things bad gone just a bit differently. they wouldn't be leaving ber at all. They would be getting ready to sail her south through the Gulf of Aden, into the Indian Ocean and around the Horn of Africa. That's the way they planned it anyway.

Now it looks like Trollop will remain behind in the hands of a new owner - if Roger can find one. If be doesn't, she'll make the trip back to the State lasbed to the deck plate of a freighter.

If she stays, she, it be staying to waters she knows well. She first sailed into Jeddah in 1975. She must bave been quite a sight amid the freighters and the dhows - a catchrigged trimaran skipping lightly along under yards of billowing sail.

Trimarans aren't exactly rare, but their

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three side hy side hulls make them an eyecatching sight wherever they sail.

She was owned in those days by an adventurous Californian, Tom Sidenfaden, who helped huild her in 1968 then sailed and raced her for nine years.

Sidenfaden and Trollop cruised the Pacific from California to Hawaii and back and to the Galapagos, Tahiti, the South Seas and oo to New Zealand, Australia, Singapore, the Indonesian Islands and Mombasa.

From Keoya, Sidenfaden and his wife sailed Trollop ioto the Red Sea where they put in at Jeddah to take on diesel fuel. What started out as a fuel stop became a five-year stay with Tom Sidenfadeo going ioto business in Jeddah and eventually moving from the

trimarao into more spacious quarters ashore. Three years ago, Trollop was sold to an American firm who wanted to make ber available to employees in the Jeddah area as part of the company's recreation program. Just about that time, Roger Erickson was

arriving in Jeddah as manager for Litton-Amecon, a subcontractor on the New Jeddah airport project. Back in the States, Roger had gained experience as a sailor crewing oo racing

yachts on Lake St. Clair, Michigan. Later, be

captained his own sailing dinghy. 'I really got my first sailing experience wheo I was 12," be recalls. "I built an ice boat and sailed the frozen lakes of Minnesota." (He's quick to add he much prefers the Red

After two years, the firm that owned Troi lop decided to put her on the market. Roger learned she was for sale and jumped at the chance to buy her. By October, 1979, she was

"I worked on ber from October to Jannuary, then sailed ber from January to May," be explains. Most of his trips were in local waters, 20 or 30 kilometers out from Jeddah. Every weekend found the Ericksons on board their second bome with their friends.

Roger found Trollop easy to sail and easier to live on. "One person can sail ber," be says, "thanks to her automade pilot, and she can sleep six with no problem."

With a main mast 13 meters high and a mizzen almost 10 meters high, Trollop is capable of sailing at speeds up to 25 knots. "With a trimaran, though," Roger explains, "you sail well within the safety zone. Ten to 15 knots maximum. It's what you could call'sailing with restraint"."

Normally, she carries sail oo her mainmast, mizzen and jib. In light air, she can also run a spinaker and a tri-sail - loss of square footage for a relatively light (5-tons) 42 - footer. In May, Roger pulled Trollop out of the creek and into a shipyard where he and some friends began a major overhaul. "Our plan

was to get her into perfect shape to sail back to the United States." Working nights and weekends, they removed every piece of hardware on ber, inspected the bull minutely, patched and replaced fiberglass wherever it was required, deaned and mned the engine and repainted

her inside and out. Next week, they'll launch the refurbished tri-hull and finish refitting ber in the creek,

including re-rigging and re-wiring.

By the end of the month, Roger and Iona hope to have the boat sold. If oo buyer comes forward by then, they'll make arrangements to have ber shipped back to the U.S.

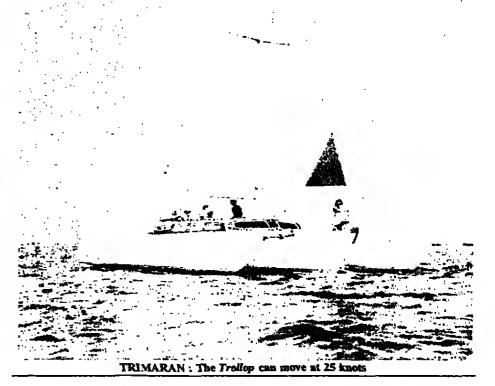
By the time she arrives, they will be living in Lynchhurg, Virginia, where Roger will he manufacturing manager for the Beigium Tool and Die Company. If Trollop is shipped back, they, Il meet her in Baltimore or New York and sail ber back to Newport News or Portsmouth, both about three hours from Lyochburg by car. They'll sail her and live oo her on weekends, they say, much as they did in

Roger, an industrial management graduate from Lawrence Institute of Technology in Michigan, lived in Virginia before he joined Litton-Amecon. He operated his own busioess in Charlottesville. In 1978, be joined Litton-Amecoo. Three months later he was en route to Jeddah.

The trip bere proved to be a momentous one. During a stopover in Amsterdam, he met Iona at the Van Gogh Museum. She and a friend bad just got back from a skiing trip and, mistaking bim for a Dutchman, approached him for directions. That was the start of a romance that lead to marriage in December of 1978.

If Roger could delay the start of his new job in the States and sail back be would do so. But duty calls and be and lona must answer, even though it probably means leaving Trollop

"It won't be easy," he says, "She may be called Trollop but she's really quite a lady.



At workshop beside pyramids

ptian children weave spontaneous tapestries

By Jenny Bagley

LONDON - About a mile from the Pyramids there is an Egyptian village that contains a remarkable workshop/school where the artists are the young sons and daughters of local farmers. These children, who have little or oo formal education, weave marvellously colorful "spontaneous tapestries" that spring directly from their own imagination and from their observations of local life.

For the first time, a selection of these tapestries can be seen in London. They are being shown until 30 November at the Museum of Childhood, Cambridge Heath Road, Bethnal Green, London E2.

The workshop was founded in 1960 by Dr. Amir Aly, a professor in the school of Arts at Cairo University. He was concerned about the rapid disappearance of the popular arts and crafts of Egypt and at the workshop he is

Spine-chiller

attempting to revive and re-establish the ancient art of woven tapestries, which dates back to the time of the Pharaohs.

Dr. Aly also wanted to encourage the creative ability and uninhibited imagination of children from surrounding villages. He calls them "artists by nature" and since they do not work from sketches or models, their tapestries are true products of the imagina-

The children walk to the workshop across the fields, arriving early in the morning to start work at the twelve looms set up in a large courtyard shaded by a huge vine. Until they are called to the mosque for prayer at five in the evening, they work steadily during the day at their looms, often singing together or explaining their designs to each other. They pause only for a daily lesson of reading and

There are currently twelve children attending the school. Their ages range from nine to twenty. Often the girls leave school early to

marry, but some continue to work on a loom at home after marriage. One of the girls at the school oow - Aida Aly from the village of Haraneya is engaged and will probably marry next year. Some of the more striking tapestries in the exhibition were woven by Aida, in particular a Self Portrait with Blue Scarf, who

When the children are first taken into the workshop/school as apprentices they are given a weekly sum of pocket money. Once they have attained a degree of proficiency in weaving, they are paid a good wage. The project is self-financing because any money from sales of the tapestries in Egypt or abroad pays for the materials used.

Dr. Aly believes in letting the children work on their own. When a new child comes to try his hand at weaving he is given a small loom to work oo. By trial and error and with help from the older children, he produces his first tapestry. Usually this is full of knots and broken wool, but gradually these disappear

as his technique improves. If the child shows the self-discipline required and a strong visual imagination, he will be given his own larger loom. He will also learn to dye his wool, mostly with natural dyes.

One of the most striking features of the tapestries is their bright color. For example, the Field of Corn With Two Trees shows corn in red, cream and green set against a very dark background of purple and black. Different shades of blue mingle in the rippling water of a village canal in a tapestry called Ducks Swimming. The subjects of the tapestries are mostly scenes from the children's everyday lives; men and women working in the fields, a donkey market, farmers with chickens and horses, gardens and the countryside around.

The Museum of Childhood is open from 10 to 18.00 on weekdays (except Friday) and from 14.30 to 18.00 on Sundays. Admission is free and the nearest Underground Station is Bethnal



Feuds within ruling party encourage Afghan fighters

By Tyler Marshall

NEW DELHI, India, (LAT) - When the only movie house in Kandahar. Afghanistan's second-largest city, was fire-bombed one night last month, some people blamed it on guerrilla insurgents. But Afghans were convinced that the inci-

dent was part of a vicious feud within the ruling People's Democratic Party.
The party feud, like the guerrilla insurgency, continues to escalate despite Soviet attempts to bring it under control.

Combined membership in the party's two tactions accounts for less than 0.5 per cent of Afghanistan's 17 million people, but the split Poses a major problem for the Soviets who are trying to put together a government with some degree of public support.
Political observers familiar with the dis-

pute believe that the feud will get worse no matter what the Soviets do. In fact, these sources cite the Soviets' persistence in trying to bring the rival factions together as a measure of just how badly they have misjudged the

Many argue that since the Soviets invaded the country last December and iostalled Babrak Karmal as president, some in the party's so-called Khalq faction have moved closer to the guerrilla resistance movement than toward reconciliation with Karmal's Parcham

Both factions take their names from the title of newspapers they published in the

1960s, when they were separate parties. (Khalq means the masses or the people-Parcham, flag or banner.)

The numerically dominant Khalqis -30,000 as opposed to about 2.000 Parchamites, according to a recent assessment - in many ways represent a rural-based. egalitarian movement whose prime goals are to raise the level of Pushtun culture and to destroy the corrupt, feudal leadership that

has long ruled Afgbanistan's villages. Its ranks are dominated by unsophisticated, partially educated nationalistic young men who accepted and understood Marxism more as a vehicle for achieving their own

goals than as a separate ideology. The hetter educated, more refined, urban-based Parchamites see their ideology in terms of a march toward an international socialist order. They view their Khalqi comrades contemptuously as bam-fisted and

The contempt is reciprocal. The aristocraoc background of many Parchamites bas promoted the Khalqis to dub Karmal and his followers "the Royal Communist Party." The founders of the two groups mirror

their followings. The late Nur Mohammed Taraki, a largely self-educated teachercum-poet, came from a poor, rural family. Karmal, an articulate former member of parliament, is the soo of a general who served in the former king's army. The two factions are also divided by lan-

guage. Khalqis speak mainly the Pushtu of rural Afghanistan, while the Parchamites, even though chiefly of Pushtun origins, speak a form of Persian known as Dari, the language of the government, the elite and the urban areas, as well as parts of western Afghanistan.

When Taraki came to power in 1978, one of his principal tasks was to coovert the business of government to Pushtu. Statecontrolled newspapers and ministerial speeches for the first time emphasized Pushtu. The number of Pushtu-speaking cabinet ministers and deputy cabinet ministers rose from 25 to 50 under Taraki, while Dari-speaking Pushtuns of similar rank dropped from 30 to 6.

Parchamites, who look upon the Khalqi desire lo spread Pushtu as fascist, quickly reversed the process after coming to power last December.

The People's Democrace Party, Afghanistan's first Marxist party, was organized in 1965, and oot long afterward the founders realized that they were incompatible personally as well as ideologically.

Karmal led his Parchamites out of the party and set up a parallel group that, with its more progressive, international outlook, quickly earned a reputation as being pro-Moscow.

A third, pro-China faction known as Shula-Yi- Jawed (Eternal Flame) split off and formed another party. Reports from Badakhshan province in north-east Afghanistan indicate that this group has become an active element in the anti-government guerrilla movement since the Soviet invasion.

Three years ago, opposition to the rule of President Mohammed Daoud and their quest for power brought the Khalq and Parcham factions back into a shaky alliance, but it JEDDAH, Oct. 25 - The Off-Runway

Players announce their staging of Bram Stoker's spine-rippling version of Dracula to be presented from October 31st to November 3rd. Suspense, chills, shocks and special effects will resound through-ont Hochtieff's theater from Dave Brown's direction of this classic horror story. Admissioo is SR20 and reserved seats can be obtained by calling 9113226.

Coffee morning

JEDDAH, Oct. 25 - All Canadian ladies in Jeddah bave been invited to a coffee morning at 11.00 a.m. on Saturday, November 1 at the Canadian Residence.

quickly fell apart after the military ousted Daoud the following year. Taraki was installed as presideot and

Hafizullah Amin as his first minister. Then the Khalqis began a purge of the Parcha-

Karmal who was at first Taraki's deputy prime minister, was exiled as ambassador to Prague. Other Parchamite leaders were giveo similar assignments. Lesser figures were imprisoned and tortured.

The Parchamites, who had numbered in the thousands, diminished dramatically. According to one estimate, membership sank to 600 or 700.

In the early months, the Khalq regime rode a wave of popular goodwill and anticipation. But without the temperance and savvy of the more astute Parchamite leaders, the insensiove Khalqis quickly squandered the good-

Ruthless Khalqi reprisals generated the naoonwide grassroots revolt that eventually brought on the Soviet intervention.

The Soviet recipe for stability in Afghanistan, based on party unity under the more conciliatory Karmal, seemed logical at first. But the move quickly backfired

Popularity gains achieved by balting radical programs were offset many times over by Karmal's new image as the man who brought

Attemps at forcing party unity failed. The inhereot Afghan desire to settle personal scores prevailed over the logic of unity against a commoo enemy. At the cabinet level, within the bureaucracy and on the streets, Khalqis began working against the Parchamites.

Six months after Karmal was installed to recoucile the nation and the party, the Soviets apparently gave up on the unity efforts and unleashed Karmal to rid his government of the most troublesome Khalqis.

But the purge at the top has failed to stop terrorism at lower levels.

There have even been some reports of contact between Khalqis and rebel leaders, exploring a possible alliance against the Karmal regime.

Most political observers view such an afliance as highly unlikely, but any permanent patching up of differences between the party's two factions seems even more impro-

saudi business

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Inflation retains firm grip in U.S.

kept its firm grip on the U.S. econumy at the level of more than 12 per cent last month, the government said Friday in a final pre-election report that contained little comfort for Presi-

And economists in the private sector said the inflation rate was likely to continue in double figures well into next year, no matter who wins the presidential election.

Price increases hit virtually every category of goods and services in September and climbed to an annual rate of 12.7 per cent. The one percent rise in the consumer price index was announced in the last major inflanon report before the Nov. 4 election.

The increase followed a 0.7 per cent increase in August and no change in July. leaving the annual inflation rate standing at 12.1 per cent for the year through Sep-

"This is going to he a way of life for a long time now, predicted Laance Chimerine. chief economist in Philadelphia. " We're going to bave 10 per cent or worse for the rest of this year and into the next."

Republican presidential candidate Ronald Reagan has made the economy a central issue from President Carter. In recent months Carter has been buoyed

in his campaign to wrest the White House

by a string of reactively good inflation reports, but there was little encourage the president in the September figures.

The consumer price index, which is designed to measure the cost of living for a typical American city dweller with wife and two childrens now stands at 251.7 compared with its 1967 base of 100.

This means that goods and services which cost \$100 in 1967 now cots \$251.7.

The only moderating influence in the September inflation figures were declining mortgage interest rates. If no account were taken of these, consumer prices rose by 1.2 per

David Ernst, senior Economist at Evans Economics in Washington, said mortgage interest rates, which have held the index down for the past few months, should start pushing it up for the rest of the year.

"From this point on, we'll see big increases in food prices, energy and housing prices," he said. "These three components will keep inflation at about 11.5 per cent into 1981." Food prices increased sharply in Sep-

Nigeria oil production dips to 1.6m barrels

duction, which last month dipped significantly to 1.6 milliun barrels per day, is unlikely to go any lower, diplomatic and oil sources said. Production levels earlier in the year were between 2.1 and 2.2 million barrels a day. The sources said Friday the decline in output was due to falling demand for Nigerian oil.

Several East European countries, including Poland, had cut back on oil purchase from Nigeria hecause of their economic difficulties, the sources said.

If it had not been for the Iran-Iraq war it was likely that slack demand would have brought Nigerian production down to an even lower level, they added, But because of

the war it was now unlikely to fall turther. The drop in output appeared to be simply a result of market force and was not deliberate government policy, the sources said.

Before the war, world oil stocks stood at a record of about five billion barrels, according to industry estimates. However the fighting has cut off supplies of nearly four million barrels a day from Iran and Iraq and stocks are now probably falling slightly.

The drop in Nigerian production bas been reported to the country's press, but the gov-ernment in accordance with its normal practice, has made no formal statement on production levels.

The sources said the company which made the greatest cut in output was Shell.

WORLD CAR: The new Ford escort - a front-wheel drive hatchback - has been developed by the company as World Car to be available in the same basic form in Britain and Europe, the United States and the Far East. The car was officially launched at tha 1980 International Motor Show at Birmingham this month.

Weekly Wall Street

Stock Market seems escaping October massacre this year

NEW YORK, Oct. 25 (AP) - Barring a disaster in the next few days, the stock market seems to have escaped the dreaded "October massacre" this year. In both 1978 and 1979, the month brought precipitous declines in stock prices. And as October 1980 approached, there was widespread conjecture on Wall Street that a repeat performance might be in store.

But with all but five of the month's trading sessions now in the record books, nothing of the sort has occurred. Even with a 12.54 decline to 943,60 in the past week, the Dow Jones industrial average shows a 11.18-point gain from its close Sept. 30.

The New York Stock Exchange Composite Index, down 1.02 at 74.90 in the past week, and the American Stock Exchange Market Value Index, off 2.21 at 355.94, have both touched record highs in recent days. Big board volume continues at a heavy pace, averaging 45.09 million shares a day in the just-concluded week against 47.56 million the week before,

The absence of any notable October decline, naturally, has the bulls of the financial world jeering at those who warned that one was coming. "The prayers of the sbort sellers were never answered," declared Joseph Graville, the market expert who attracted great attention last April with a "buy" recommendation hat sent prices soar-

At last word, Granville showed no sign of switching to the Bearish Camp. Nothing the vast amount of borrowed stock sold short and not yet repurchased, be said in his Oct. 18

"1 remain of the opinion that it will require a sharp extended market advance in order to knock the short interest importantly lower."

Some of the more conventional market analysts who regard Granville as a maverick don't share his bullish views. One reason for their wariness is the yawning gap between the yields now offered by stocks (less than 5 per cent on average), and bonds (well above 10 per cent). In classic market theory, when this statistical measure reaches extremes, it often portends an impending shift in the prevailing mood of investors,

As William O.H. Freund Jr., an analyst at the firm of Prescott, Ball and Turben, explained it recently: "When the yield spread becomes too great, bonds become relatively more attractive than stocks, and investment funds begin to flow from stocks toward bonds."

In the third quarter of this year, Leon Cooperman, chairman of the investment policy committee at Goldman, Sachs and Co., pointed out, bond prices fell 18 per cent while stock prices gained about 12 per cent. as measured by standard and poor's index of 400 industrial stocks. Some analysts argue that the rules bave

changed lately in the traditional competition

between stocks and bonds. As investors have

adjusted to chronic inflation, they say, bonds are being relegated to a lesser role by many investing institutions... But Cooperman, for one, sees reasons as well for figuring that the stock market is more likely to see a 10 per cent decline than a 10 per cent rise over the next

several months. . 'Inflation has started to reaccelerate very early in this business cycle," he observed. At the same time, "we expect the developing economic recovery to be quite weak, with a strong possibility of a decline in real gross national product in the first part of next

Russia faces problem of feeding people

MOSCOW, Oct. 25 (AFP) - The main task facing the Soviet government is the problem of feeding the population, the Communist Party daily Pravda commented Saturday. Referring to reports on the five-year plan up to 1980 made to the Supreme Sovict (parliament), this week, Pravda noted that "if several difficult problems remain in the Soviet Union, the first one is the supply of food products to the population."

The paper said that the Communist Party Central Committee has decided to "carry out a coordinated program to resolve this ques-Under the program problems concerning the

development of agriculture, industrial food sectors, transport, storage processing and dis-tribution are originally linked," the paper The report said that this strategy, to be put

into effect at the beginning of the next fiveyear plan from 1981 to 1985, should guarantee tangible results." Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev spoke

against inadequate food supplies, particularly of milk and meat, to industrial cities. Brezhnev also stressed slow progress by

out Tuesday before the central committee

the consumer goods industries, noting that some items continued to be unavailable. Pravda also laid stress on this issue Friday,

calling for "increased industrial efficiency which is the basis of better social conditions." The paper said that part of the Soviet Union's economic difficulties were due to "objective factors such as bad weather which had hit agriculture and the exhaustion of some natural resources resulting in the development of new resources farther to the North or

Venezuela oil prices rise again

LONDON, Oct. 25 (AFP) — For the second time since the outbreak of the Iraq-Iran conflict. Venezuela has increased its heavy oil prices which earlier were tending to fall, it was learnt here Friday. The price rise, which varies according to quality, amounts to as much as \$3.53 a barrel or slightly more than 13 per cent for 2.8 per cent sulphur content oil which now costs \$29.48 a barrel.

Rises of up to \$2,25 a barrel or 9.5 per cent were announced Oct. 11. The total price rise amounts to a little more than 24 per cent.

On the world free market, the price of oil products has risen hy between 30 and 40 per cent. Heavy oil, used mainly in electricity generation and ships, has so far been worst affected by the Gulf fighting because an important source - the Abadan refinery has been put out of action. The refinery was of particular importance to the far east.

Stocks of heavy fuel oil before the conflict were not large, in contrast to world reserves of other fuels.

Shortages are being felt in West Germany and France, as well as the United States, but the worst effects are being experienced east of Suez. In some ports ships are having difficulty in refuelling.

In the meantime, the International Development Fund of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries has extended forms of financial 1970 loans and other assistance totalling \$845 million in the last four years, an OPEC report said Friday pub-

The report, carried by the official United Arab Emirates News Agency said 67 African and Asian countries benefitted from the long-term, low-interest loans.

It said the loans did not include loans, financial assistance and "gifts" provided by the oil cartel's 13 members directly or through their own development funds.

Assistance falling in the second category totalled \$5.7 billion in 1978, the report said, adding the amount represented 1.59 per cent of OPEC countries Gross National Product. In comparison, industrialized countries gave \$25 billion or 0.44 per cent only of their GNP, the report added.

Corrupt Chinese official returns gift to company

PEKING, Oct 25 (R)' - A Chinese foreign trade official has escaped with a formal warning after being found guilty by his corporation of corruptly accepting a refrigerator, food and clothing from a Hong-Kong trader.

The Peking Daily said the unnamed offial, who worked in the capital's branch of the national foodstuffs import and export corporation, had in return arranged the sale of 2,000 cases of sparkling wine to the businessman on favorable terms. The official also accused of revealing

commercial secrets to the trader. The paper said be had been ordered to turn

all the gifts over to the corporation but he had refused to part with the refrigerator, and so its value was being deducted from his salary month by month.

Government Tenders

Saudi Arabian

	•	Tender	SIR	Date
Ministry of Education	Supply, installation and operation of cables and switchboards at prefab storchouses on Khurais road	11/M	500	Nov. 21
Department of Educa- tion, Al-Washm, Shaqraa	Undertaking of additional works at the scouting center in Shaqraa	735	Free	Nov. 4
Ministry of the Interior, Dept. of Public Security	Cleaning and maintenance of public security headquarters in Mecca and Mena	26/400/401	400	Nov. 3
Directorate of the National Guard, Riyadh	Levelling and asphalding of the site for Guard's clinic at Khashm Al-Aan	14/400/401	500	Nov. 1
Municipality of Medina	Asphalding, paving and lighting of some streets	_	5000	Nov. 2
D4 99 b4	Supply of garbage trucks and bins	_	200	Nov. 2

PORTS AUTHORITY

SHIPS MOVEMENTS UP TO 0700 HOURS ON THE 25TH OCTOBER, 1980 — 16TH D. HIJJAH, 1400

Barth	SELS DISCHARGING : Vessel	Agent	Cargo	Date
3	Lanka Shanthi	Gulf	Tea/Brushes/D'Coconut	24.10.80
3 6 7 9	Med Freezer	Q.C.E.	Reefer	14.10.80
7	Diego	Redsea	Contrs/Marble/Ganeral	23,10,80
9.	Maldive Trader	O. Trada	Loading Scrap	21.10.80
14	Nyala	A.E.T.	Durra	22.10.80
15	Lucy	Algosaibi	Bagged Barley	20.10.80
16	N.J. Petaras	A.Ĕ.T.	Containers	23.10.80
17	Dory	Star	Durra	18,10.80
18	Odvsseus	Rolaco	Bufk Cement	11.10.80
19'	Alain L.D	Alsabah	Bulk Cement	22,10,80
20	Pollux	M.T.A.	Genaral/Cement/Contrs.	20.10.80
21	Concordia Sun	Alsabah	Contrs/General/Grease	23,10.80
22	Monsun	S.N.L.	Contrs/Ganeral	23,10.80
24	Multi Frost	O.C.E.	Reefar	23.10.80
27	Scirocco Univarsat	Star	Reefer	24.10.80
29.	tkarian Reefer	O.C.E.	Reefar	18.10.80
30	Ocean Sky	Alireza	Reefer/General	10.10.80
31	Magdalena	O.C.E.	Reefer	24.10.80
36	Breman Express	Alireza	Contrs.	24.10.80
40	Novi 'T'	O.C.E.	Reefer	17.10.80
42	Pampero	Alsaeda	Flour/Rice/Foodstuffs	13.10.80

DAMMAM PORT MANAGEMENT

HIP MOVEMENTS UPTO 0700 HRS ON 16.12.1400 - 25.10.1980 CHANGES LAST 48 HRS.

1. VESSELS DSCHARGING

3erth	Ship	Agent	Cargo	Date
4 5 9 10 13 14 15 16 19 21 29 30 31 33	Vortex Skipper Unique Challanga Antouletta Unity Concordia Taleb Hannah Lu Robin Hood Ibn Khaldoon Elizabeth Maersk Pacific Leader (DB) Han Nun Caroline Orient Clipper Asia Samho Primavera (D.B.)	S M C Gulf Kanoo Barbar Al Sabah Gosaibi U E P Kanoo Kanoo Alireza O C E Alsaada A E T Gulf S M C	Steel Pipes General Gen/ContRice Gen/Reefer Gan/Conts Gen/Conts Rice/Gen Gen/Cament Gan/Conts Bulk Cernant Ganeral Livestock General Bulk Cernent	24.10.80 22.10.80 23.10.80 24.10.80 24.10.80 24.10.80 24.10.80 20.10.80 23.10.80 23.10.80 23.10.80 22.10.80 24.10.80

Japan introduces program to save fuel this winter

TOKYO. Oct. 25 (R) — Japan, which hadheen getting nearly 10 per cent of its oil from Iraq and Iran, decided Friday to introduce a fuel-saving program for the coming winter. A package of voluntary measures will include a call on the population not to heat homes or offices to temperatures above 18 degrees centigrade, officials said.

They added that Japanese will be asked to use public transport instead of cars and will be given advice on bow to make more economical use of energy when heating homes and bathwater.

The package was decided at a meeting of cabinet ministers concerned with oil. They met to study the international oil supply outlook following the suspension of exports from Iraq and Iran and forcasts that Japan may have a more severe winter than last year.

Japan imported nearly 400,000 Barrels: Per Day (BPD) of Iraqi crude oil and about 120,000 BPD of refinery products from Iran's Abadan refinery before the Gulf war began a month ago.

The cut-off impelled the government to

review Japanese progress in meeting a target for a seven per cent cut in oil consumption in the fiscal year which began in April. Japan's energy agency told the ministers meeting this week that the country, which

depends on imports for almost all its oil, had a

record 111 days' normal supply in stock. This and the prospect of increased output by some other oil producers meant that the Iraq-Iran war did not threaten Japan with a

serious oil shortage. But the agency said it was worried about

possible oil price increases.

JAKARTA, (AP) - President director of the State oil company Pertamina said Friday that Indonesia will ask other members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) to step up oil supplies for needy countries of the association of Southeast Asian nations. LONDON, (AFP) - A much healthier

demand for tankers developed in the Mediterranean and the Caribbeans this week as charterers began, at long last, to switch their attention from the Gulf states area. Rates hardened accordingly as trade increased. But in the Gulf states, although some American enquiry was encountered, a considerable number of vessels were still seeking cargoes and, in consequence, there was little change from last week's depressed

GENEVA, (AFP) - An international natural rubber agreement daring back to October last year is now provisionally in force, the first to take effect since a United Nations program on raw materials was launched in 1976, it was announced here Friday. The announcement came after the United States indicated Thursday it would provisionally abide hy the accord.

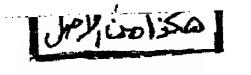
BONN, (R) - West Germany's trade

moved into surplus again in September after recording its first deficit for 15 years the previous month, the Federal Statistics Office said Friday. Exports were worth \$872 miliion more than imports, contrasting with an August deficit of \$71 million.

MOSCOW: Soviet cars, including the Lada and the Volga, are undergoing a youth cure - flashier and more modern appointments. The jigouli, actually a Fiat 124 built under license in the Soviet Union and exported under the Lada name, is now being delivered with a more modern body, having stronger angles for the trunk and hood, and with more window surface.

WASHINGTON: The Soviet Union has purchased 128,000 tons of U.S. maize, bringing total Soviet grain purchases practically to the \$,000,000-ton limit set by the partial American embargo, the commerce department announced. Moscow now has bought 7,973,000 tons of American grain since the harvest year began Oct. 15 under a five-year agreement ending during the current harvest year. The embargo, imposed following the Soviet intervennion in Afghanistan, deprived the Soviet Union of an additional 17 million tons of grain that had been authorized under a supplementary agreement.







THUNDER: Willie Shoemaker, right, on Pelayo, roars down the stretch just ahead of his American colleague Laffit Pincay on Seven Hearts at Sandown Park in England this past week. Shoemaker contributed two wins in the three-race challenge between American and British jockeys. The Americans came out on top, with 88 points to the Britons' 77. And Shoemaker, Steve Cauthen, Jorge Velasquez, Pincay, and Angel Cordero, right photo, picked up the prize in the Chivas Regal-sponsored com-



Lendl, Mandlikova steer Czechoslovakia toward recognition as major tennis force

LONDON, Oct. 25 (R) — Leading players have virtually cornered the market in winning major lennis titles in recent years — but an exciting new challenge is emerging.

t Ching

1 chins

Two young Czechoslovaks, Ivan Lendl and Hana Mandlikova are bridging the gap between outstanding junior and successful senior with such impressive poise that they look certain to take a prominent place among the game's generation of superstars.

Apart from Borg's feat of winning Wimbledon a fifth time and John McEnroe's second successive U.S. title, the outstanding tennis achievement of 1980 was surely Czechoslovakia's Davis Cup semi-final vic-

tory over Argentina in Buenos Aires. More particularly, the upset win was a remarkable achievement oo the part of Leodl, who dismissed Argeotine heroes Guil-

1980 New York Marathon promising different dramas

NEW YORK, Oct. 25 (AP) — For Bill Rodgers, Sunday's New York City Marathoo will be another race in which to enhance his credentials as the world's best long-distance runner. For Lasse Viren, it will mark the end of a remarkable career. For Filbert Bayi, it will be the start of a veoture and for three Chinese runners, it will constitute a breakt-

The contrasting emotions of those six competitions alone would be emough fodder for the script of a highly dramatic and intriguiog race. But there are nearly 16,000 other entries in the record field, and they also will have their own stories, their own desires to

Two - most likely Rodgers among the men and Grete Waitz of Norway among the women - will experience the joy of victory. The others will truly feel the agooy of defeat. in this grueling 26-mile, 335-yard (42-kilometer) test of strength, stamina, conditioning and willpower.

The losers, bowever, will oot necessarily be losers. Marathooers don't necessarily run to win. They run instead to finish and lower their personal bests.

Rodgers, winner of each of the New York

City Marathons since 1976, will be running it to win and to lower his personal best - an American record of two-hours, 9 mioutes, 27 seconds, set during the 1979 Boston

Marathon. "I want a fast time for this year," said the world's top-ranked marathoner from Sherborn, Massachusetts.

For Viren, the Olympie 5,000 and 10,000-meter gold medalist io 1972 and 1976, the marathon probably will be the last race of his outstanding career. Earlier this week he won another race, for a political seat on the municipal couocil in his home town of Myrskyla, Finland.

For the versatile Bayi, former world record bolder at 1,500 meters and a mile and the 1980 Olympie silver medalist in the 3,000meter steeplechase, this will be his first marathon. The Tanzanian is ranked among the world leaders this year in five events, and bas told race director Fred Lebow that be intends to run a 2:10:00 marathon.

The runners from China — Liu Zooggui, Fang Menshun and Sban Chaogmin — also will be making a debt, of sorts - their debut in the west. Each has ruo a marathon in 2:19:00 or less

multitudinous support - with a composure not normally associated with a 20-year old.

Since then Lendl has been adding to his reputation, most notably last weekend when he beat Borg in the final of the Swiss Indoor Champiosuhip. It was the first time for nearly two years that the Swede had lost a completed match to a right haoder.

Mandlikova's progress has been equally striking. Only Chris Evert Lloyd has won more tournaments than her on the 1980 Womeo's Circuit and a week ago she beat the experienced American during a run of 26

Mandlikova has also upstaged her erant compatriot Martina Navratilova, now a resi-dent in the United States, on two occasions recently, her second and major coup being a straight sets victory in the U.S. open last

Mandlikova, a willowy 18-year old who plays ber tennis with a beguiling mixture of grace and power, is currently competing in a tournament in Britain and she gave some interesting insights into the steady rise of

Czechoslovak tennis. Czechoslovakia have a long tennis-playing tradition with Karel Kozeluh at the start of the century and theo Jaroslav Drobny, the 1954 Wimbledon Champion, and Vera Sukova, the 1962 Wimbledon runner-up, among some of the best-known names in the

But Maodlikeva feels that it was Jao Kodes's Wimbledon triumph in 1973, which was little more than a chance success, that gave tennis in her country its biggest boost.

Jan, whose home boasts the only grass court in Carchoslovakia as a result of his Wimbledge victory, won the title after most of the scand's top pinyers withdrew from the tours. tournment in a dispute over whether suspended Yugoslav Nikki Pike should be allowed to compete.

Kodes winning Wimbledon really boosted tennis in Czechoslovakia. It was very important," Mandlikova says, "The game is sopposited in Czechrislovakia now, there are

sourts everywhere."

Just how popular is it? "I would place it sesond only to lee hockey," she says, suching to lee hockey," she says, suching to lee hockey," she says, suching the festimation even when reminded that Zechostovakia s national soster aide had

Pacers 'awakening'

Indiana whips Atlanta 104-97

NEW YORK, Oct. 25 (AP) — The Indiana Pacers, once the scourge of the American Basketball Association, may finally be reawakening in the National Basketball Association.

Indiana teams led by stars such as Roger Brown, Mel Daniels, Billy Keller and Freddie Lewis won three ABA fitles. But, since being accepted into the more prestigious NBA in 1976, the Pacers have struggled just to be

respectable. It's probably paioful for their fans to watch, too, with nearby Indiana University producing consistently top-notch basketball teams. as well as the squads of the local high schools which, Hoosiers say, rival any in the United

The Pacers have capitalized on their bome-grown boys, too, picking up at one time, Keller (from Purdue University and Indianapolis Washington High School), Rick "The Rocket" Mouot, (Purdue and Lebanon) and George McGinnis (Indiana and Indianpolis Washington), who is back in the

Navratilova tops Potter in Diahatsu

BRIGHTON, England Oct. 25 (AP) -Defending ehampion Martina Navratilova dowoed big-serving Barbara Potter of the United States, 7-6, 6-1 Friday to qualify for the semifinals of the \$125,000 Diahatsu challenge women's tennis tournament.

Navratilova, coming out of one of the worst spells of ber career, struggled to cope with 19-year old Potter's service in the first set but dominated the second.

The Czech-born former Wimbledon champion admitted: "She was pushing me to the limit because her serve was so good. But in the second set I didn't miss hardly any-

Potter twice broke back to save the first set but then lost the fle-break 7-4. Navratilova, seeded number two behind

Chris Evert Lloyd, was superbly confident after taking the tie-break, smashing and volleying with deadly accuracy.

Greer Stevens of South Africa, playing in her first tournament since the U.S. Open, repeated her Wimbledon victory over Australian left-hander Dianne Fromholtz in another quarterfinal match.

Stevens, seeded number four, recovered from a disastrous start to oust sixth-seeded Fromholtz 6-4, 7-5 in 75 minutes and earn a semifinal meeting with Navratilova.

The tournament, with \$22,000 going to the winner, continues through Sunday.

Pacers' blue-and-gold after a stint with the

This season may he different, though. The Pacers have bounded out of the starting gate with five victories in seven games, recording a 104-97 triumph over the Atlanta Hawks Friday night that gave them a share of the Central Division lead with idle Milwaukee.

In other games Friday night, Los Angeles topped Seattle 104-98, Phoenix ripped Deover 117-94; Portland clobbered Dallas 120-105; Cleveland heat New Jersey 126-112; San Diego slipped past Utah 103-100. and Chicago beat Washington 104-96.

Silk-smooth Bdly Knight led Indiana with 23 poiots, 14 of them in the pivotal first quarter, and George Johnson came off the bench to score 17 more. The two Johnson's, George and Clemon, and James Edwards each had 10 rebounds as Indiana became the first team this season to outrebound the Hawks, 55-46.

"Billy Knight was absolutely fabulous out there," said Atlanta coach Hubie Brown. "He ignited them off the dribble. He just makes things happen and we just forced too many shots out there tonight."

Jamaal Wilkes and Kareen Abdul-Jabbar each scored 26 points to lead the Lakers, who improved their record to 6-1. Los Angeles built a 23-point first quarter lead and coasted from there,

Norm Nixon had 24 points and Magic Johnson 18 for Los Angeles, which remains fied with Phoenix for first place in the Pacific Division, The Sonies, 3-5, were led by guard Freddie Brown's 19 points. Los Angeles took charge of the game

quickly, hreaking away from a 2-2 tie by scoring 13 of the next 15 points.

Len Rohinson poured in a game-high 23 poiots to lead the Phoenix romp. The victory

Denver Nuggets.

The Nuggets, 2-5, appeared to lose their composure after mokie Cedrick Hordges was banished for a flagrant foul against the Suns' Walter Davis. Hordges stepped in froot of Davis in a two-on-one break and knocked him down and referee Jim Capers ruled it was intentional. Davis converted both free throws

> points and the Nuggets managed only tive points the rest of the third period. Alex English paced Denver with 21 and David Thompson added 18.

> Mychal Thompson and Calvin Natt led eight Portland players in double figures as the Blazers shot a sizzling 57 per cent on 52 of 91 from the field. However, Portland needed a 9-0 spurt in the third period to come from

to start the Suns on a run of 10 unanswered

was the sixth in seven games for the Suns.

Thompson, with 22 points, and Natt, with 21 points and 10 rehounds, gave the Blazers, 3-3, an inside game that overwhelmed the expansion Mavericks, 2-6.

Reserve Bill Robinzine, who wound up with (i) points, sparked a second-period 20-8 hurst that put Cleveland on top to stay and Randy Smith scored a game-high 31 points — 23 in the second half — in the victory over

New Jersey. The Neis, 5-4, have lost three of four games at home this season. The Cavaliers are now 3-0 after recording their first road vic-

Phil Smith, Swen Nater, Freeman Williams and rookie forward Michael Brooks each scored 20 points or more to pace the Clip-

Utah pulled to within 97-96 with three minutes remaining, hut Nater and Williams each sank foul shots to hoost the Clippers'

Cosmos tie Zamalek in Egypt

CAIRO, Oct. 25 (Agencies) - The New York Cosmos soccer team from the North American Soccer League tied the Egyptian Zamalek squad 0-0 draw here Friday in a friendly match which was marked by several fistfights.

The Cosmos' Seninho was sent off the field in the first half while Sami Mansour (Zamalek) and Reisbergn (Cosmos) got the ax io the second. The Cosmos' dehut on the African conti-

nent was marred Tuesday as they lost to Ahly, the Egyptian champion team, 3-2. Mostafa Abdo opened the scoriog for Ahly

in the 10th minute, his teammate Taher Al-Sheikh added another tally five minutes later to put the Egyptians ahead 2-0.

NASL champions on the scorepoard in the

even though the Egyptian players appeared But after their initial sparkling performance, the Egyptians slowed down, and Cosmos forward Seninho put the American

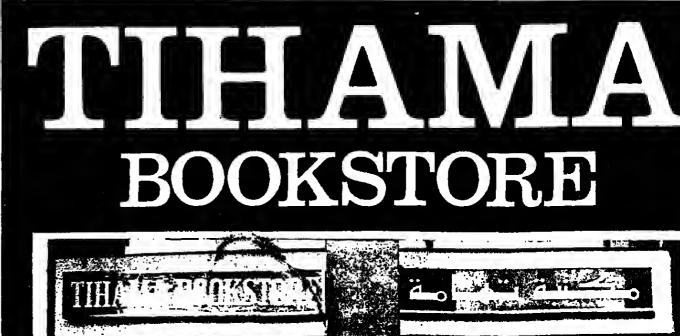
23rd minute after a dazzling 70-meter solo charge to bring the ball up the field,

Ramadan Al-Sayed put the game out of reach for the Cosmos with a score in the 59th mioute. Giorgio Chnaglia's goal in the 80th minute was not enough to keep the Cosmos in the game.

"I think we underestimated the Egyptiao team," said Cosmos coach Hennes Weisweiler after the game, "We will do better on Friday because now we know them better."

The Cosmos came to Egypt halfway through a 12-game overseas schedule with a 2-3-1 record. Franz Bechenhauer of Germany the Cosmos ace turned in a lackluster performance,

in awe of him and gave him wide berth. Police estimated about 60,000 people filgame and an estimated 12 million watched on TV. led the 120,000-seat Cairo stadium for the





YEAR! : Three of the 'Comeback Kids' - Tug McGraw, left, P Bowa, whoop it up during their victory motorcade through Philade after the Phillies presented the city with its first World Series crow Kansas City Royals.

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10:00 News Rounds

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4:30 "Children's Show 5:30 Big league soccer his safety Sina 6:47 Mappet show 7:12 Linke House on the (7:39 Last Resort 5:23 Laurus syndrome 9:11 Suspense theater VOA: News Suppliery
10:30 VOC Magazine
America : Letter
Cultural : Letter
11:00 Special English :
11:30 Manie U.S.: (100 P.M. 9:30 Music USA:

PHARMACIES

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2:00 Op 2:01 Holy Quant 2:05 Gens of Ouids 2:10 Youth Welfare 2:20 On Islam 2:30 Radio Mag 3:00 NEWS 3:10 Press Review 3:15 Music 3:20 Leaps and Bo 3:30 A Selection of Music

8.00 World News

10.00 World News

10.30 Sarah Ward 10.45 Something to

11.00 World News

11.09 Reflections 11.15 Piano Style

11.30 Brain of Brits 12.00 World News

12.09 British Press Re 12.15 World Today

12.30 Financial News 12.40 Look Abead 12.45 The Tony Myatt

10.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary

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SUNDAY

11:00 Dates to Re 11:15 Late Swaring Hirs 11:45 On Islam 12:00 Concert Choic 12:45 A Rendezvous with D BBC

1.15 Ulster in Focus
1.30 Discover-

Carios

Alphabet of Musical

8.09 Books and Writers

8.30 Take One 8.45 Sports Round

2.00 World Name 9.09 Weeld News
9.09 News about Britain
9.15 Radio Newsreel
9.30 Parming World
10.00 Outlook News

2.15 The Face of England

9:01 Holy Quran
9:05 Genss of Guidan
9:10 Light Music
9:15 The Evening She
9:45 Communicate of d

10:25 S. A. -- A Daily Chronic 10:30 The World Atlan

as of the Prophe

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10:10 Music

10:15 NEWS

Summary
10.39 Stock Market Report
10.43 Look Ahead
10.45 Ulster in Focus
11.00 World Neve
11.09 Twenty-Four Hours:
News Sammary 2.30 Sports Internation 2.40 Radio Newsreel 3.45 Sports Round-up 4.00 World News 4.09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary
4.30 The Pleasure's Yours 5.15 Report on Relig 6.00 Radio Newsree World Nows World Today Financial New 1.00 6.15 Outlook 7.00 Weeld News 1.35 Book Choice 1.40 Reflections 7.09 Commental 7.15 Sherlock H 1.45 Sports Round 2.00 Wedd News 2.09 Commentary



'H!,MR.WILSON! CAN I COME OVER IF I DON'T.GET NEAR ANYTHING?"

Contract \$

When the Iron Is Hot

South dealer. Neither side vulnerable. NORTH **4**Q98765 0 10 4 **₽**Q72

♦J 10 4 3 **♦83** ♦ AQJ52 **1**0 9 SOUTH

OK976 The hidding:

West North

Pass Pass Pass 2 NT 3 NT Dble

Opening lead spades.

The opening lead plays a vital role in many hands. In this extraordinary case from a rubber bridge game, West was Alvin Roth, New York expert. His double of three notrump was bold as well as imaginative, but it would have failed dismally had be chosen the wrong opening lead.

Suppose he had led a diamond, which many players in his place would have done.

In that case, South would have made four notrump for a score of 650 points (counting the value of a non-vulnerable game as 300 points). Similarly, had Roth led a heart or a club, South would have made three notrump for

a score of 550 points. But Roth led a spade and South was a dead duck. In desperation, he played dummy's queen, which lost to the king, and oddly enough South immediately got squeezed. He was looking at nine cold tricks, but with the opponents on lead he was in poor shape. Reluctant to part with a winner, he discarded a diamond. East thereupon. returned a diamond, which lost to West's jack.

Now Roth made the excellent play of the jack of spades, followed by a low spade. He wanted to be sure that East would return a diamond when be took the ace of spades. Roth was alraid that, if he led the four instead of the jack, East might suddenly get nervous and return a spade to assure defeat of the contract. East did return a diamond

and the defense scored four spades and five diamonds to inflict a 900-point defeat. All of which came from a welljudged double, and - lest we forget — a well-judged opening lead.

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A 19th CAJTURY ARCHITECT OF SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, WROSE PORTRAINT IS ON AUSTRALIAN \$10 BILLS, WAS A BRITISH CONVICT AND WAS DEPORTED TO AUSTRALIA FOR FORGERY

RADIO PAKISTAI

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9:00 News 9:03 Listeners' Made

E 17916, 21495, 21795 (KHZ) Waredoughe: 16.74, 13.96, 13.79 (m 4:30 Religious Program 4:46 New Stars (Manic)

5:45 One Compo 6:00 News 6:15 Press Review 6:20 On This Day 6:25 Light Music

Your Individual Horoscope



: Frances Drake : FOR SUNDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1986

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You're sure of your convictions, but are prone to argue. There could be a change of plans for visits or traveling.

(Apr. 20 to May 20) It won't take much to get you angry about a money matter. It could be that you're upset ahout somebody's spending habits. **GEMINI**

(May 21 to June 20) Too much thinking now is akin to worry. Avoid a confrontation with a close ally that could be upsetting to your overall health. CANCER

(June 21 to July 22) You're in the mood for peace and quiet and do best if you keep to the sidelines. Watch out for inner resentments which could surface.

LEO (July 23 to Aug. 22) Someone at a party could offend you. No sense having an argument when you're supposed to be having a good time. Remain calm. VIRGO

(Aug. 23 to Sept. 22) You have big career plans within yourself but may not

yet have the details worked out. This could make you somewhat touchy.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You're impatient now and could snap at somebody if you meet with delays. Unexpected expenses may arise if

traveling. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Others may not go along with your ideas on joint assets. You're good at management

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that you're not. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Even if you don't get mad, there are little idiosyncrasies about another that irk you. Figure out what's really

and resent the implication

bothering 3 34.
CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) War You need to watch health now. Too much socializing and you won't be particularly fit. Avoid excess. Accent moderation.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) That old career vs. home argument could resurface now. Be sure to keep the needs of family in mind. Romance is somewhat iffy. PISCES

(Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) Domestic problems could arise. Interruptions don't help you solve them. Still, don't make a mountain out of a molebill.

23 Moroccan 31 Provide

called..."

25 "- are 36 Sub's weapon

27 Fruitless 37 Nourished

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(abbr.)

by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS 1 City in Maine 1 Skiddoo! 2 Texas shrine 5 Vulgar 3 Texas city 10 Bumpkin 11 Attacked 4 Poem

12 Uncommon 5 Gladsome 6 Bombast 13 Put up with 7 Do sums 15 Elec. unit 16 Give the 8 Ontario imprimatur city

17 — Fail 9 Marked 18 Working feline lines "Johnny —" 24 Gelid state 33 Beak part 21 Linger on 16 Regan's

father

19 Charger

22 Italian family 23 Kitchen gadget 25 Bishop's symbol

26 Throb 27 Curse 28 Boston Celtics' star 29 Weak 32 Black **CUCKOO**

33 Sad sound 34 Altar constellation 35 Bed canopy feature

37 Guitar 38 Accumulate 39 One, in Essen 40 Temptress 41 Cervine

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it: AXYDLBAAXR LONGFELLOW

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

IGMI, AS LGYH CSEYC V 8 8

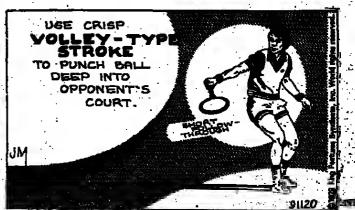
QGAMC. - QGOOGEX Yesterday's Cryptoquete: KNOWLEDGE IS THE GREAT SUN OF THE FIRMAMENT, LIFE AND POWER ARE SCATTERED WITH ALL ITS BEAMS,—DANIEL WEBSTER

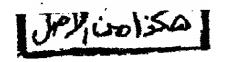
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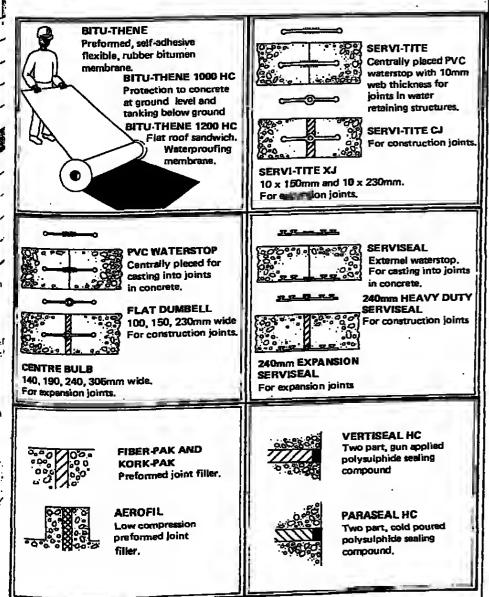
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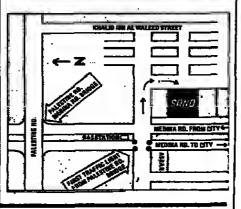
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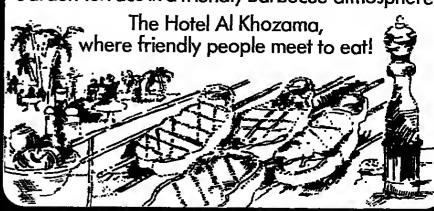
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'We just cool it'

Foreigners tread lightly during U.S. race

When the American presidency is up lor grabs every fourth November, prudent loreign governments try to avoid offending either side. The often irresisable tendency is to do nothing.

PAGE 12

The U.S. electoral process, British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington is reported to have complained, is the world's greatest contributor to governmental inefficiency, the English tea break not excluded. European diplomats agree that election time produces an excess of caution. " Mostly, we just cool it," one

" Most countries assume that on any controversial issue, the United States is incapable of coming to a decision (during an election year) unless events force it to, " said Charles William Maynes, editor of Foreign Policy magazine, " Most allied nations, particularly if they lavor the incumbent administration, will cooperate to prevent the United States from being faced with a decision.

Occasionally, however, nations do take actions that appear to be attempts to influence the outcome of the U.S. election. For the most part, these are nations that bave little influence with the American electorate.

For instance, Prime Minister Robert Mugabe of Zimbabwe, a former guerrilla leader who is something of a newcomer to the subtleties of American politics, said last August, with President Jimmy Carter at his side, " The admiration we bave for the people of the United States and for you personally, Mr. President, leads me to wish you well in the race you are run-

Mugabe wants foreign aid from the United States. He may very well believe that his best chance of getting it rests with a renewed Carter administration because several of Republican Ronald Reagan's foreign policy advisers were emotionally committed to the former regime in Salisbury when the country was known as

Far more significant but also more



ambiguous was the recent order by President Fidel Castro of Cuba to release from Cuban jails the last 38 American citizens incarcerated on the island, and his decision last month to send back two Cuban hijackers of U.S. airlines.

In announcing the release of the jailed Americans, the Cubans insisted it was not intended to boost Carter in his race against Reagan. But Castro, who recently was quoted as comparing Reagan with Adolf Hitler, certainly knew there was an election going on in the United States before he decided to make an apparent good-will gesture toward Washington.

Regardless of the motives of Mugabe and Castro, there is little to be gained by Carter in obtaining the endorsement of either. On the contrary, the support of Castro could be the kiss of death in Florida and perhaps in other states. Castro surely knows that, so perbaps the prisoner release should not be classed as an attempt to influence the U.S. election after all.

Foreign policy experts say it is extremely difficult to differentiate between election-influenced maneuvers and activities that a foreign government would have taken in a non-election year. No government will admit anything that could be construed as interference in the political process of another nation, and it is



almost impossible to be sure what a government would have done if it had not down what it did.

During the primary campaign of 1976, Panamanian strongman Omar Torrijos was on his best behavior, avoiding any sort of action that might upset Americans. By appearing to be a sudden convert to moderanon. Torrijos may bave undercut Reagan's attempt to use the Panama Canal issue in his race for the Republican nomination with President Gerald Ford. But a more likely motivation for Torrijos' actions was simply that the U.S. Senate was debating ratification of the treaty that gave Panama eventual sovereignty over the canal, a treaty the Panamanian leader

It is certainly clear, however that major nations, especially those allied with the United States, generally try to remain or appear - neutral.

The main problem with being a U.S. ally during an election year is that you are frustrated because the United States is very rarely going to do anything," said Michael Leeden of Georgetown University's Center for Strategic and International Studies." No ally can afford to bave bad relations with the United States, that creates problems they do not want. They would rather have good relations with a

president that is (their) second choice than to take a chance on trying to get their first choice president. In practice, they almost always end up supporting the incumbent, at least tacitly.

In 1976, most allied nations supported Ford against Carter, although they tried not to do anything at which Carter might take offense. This year, Carter seems to be getting that sort of support while the governments try not to alienate Reagan.

The one government that has not been reluctant to alienate Reagan is Communist China. When the Republican candidate suggested that be would upgrade U.S. relations with the Republic of China, the Peking regime reacted bitterly, publicly bumiliating George Bush, Reagan's running mate, during what had been billed a goodwill trip to China by the former U.S. representative to Peking. But even this incident is ambiguous.

Robert Osgood, the Christian A. Herter professor of foreign policy at Johns Jopkins University's Washington campus, said that after its initial outhurst at Reagan's comments about Taiwan, the Chinese leadership "quickly adopted a strictly neutral position" concerning the

Even more than the Chinese, the Soviet Union must think twice before appearing to take sides in the U.S. electioo. In all probability, the endorsement of the Soviets would be as welcome to either candidate as the arrival of another albatross would bave been to the ancient mariner,

" The Russians are in a real dilemma," Maynes said, "They don't like Carter. They think be bas mishandled Soviet-American relations. Privately they have been telling some Americans in Moscow that Reagan wouldn't be so bad. On the other band, they bave to be very worried about what a Reagan presidency would do to SALT (the Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty). They may see some advantages to Reagan if be messes up the U.S.-China relationship, U.S. merchant

tied by Marcos

to bomb blasts

MANILA, Oct. 25 (AP) — President Ferdinand Marcos said Saturday his government

is sifting the evidence it will present to the

United States allegedly linking an American

businessman and U.S.-based Filipino dissi-

In a taped interview with reporters, Marcos

accused California businessman Steve

Psinakis and Filipino exiles Eugenio Lopez

Jr. and Raul Daza of exporting explosive

devices and urban guerrillas to the Philip-

Earlier the government accused oppositioo

An American woman has been killed and

leader Benigno Aquino, who lives in Boston,

of ordering the bombings, but Marcos did not

about 70 injured in a spate of bombings in

Manila and two cities since August. The most

dramatic occurred last Sunday when a bomb exploded in Marcos' presence at the confer-

ence of the American Society of Travel Agents (ASTA), wounding 18 persons.

Police have launched a hunt for a male,

mustachioed "Caucasian" believed to have

planted Sunday's bomb, while Marcos bas ordered the arrest of 30 persons, including

Aquino, Lopez, Daza and Psinakis for

mention his name in the interview.

dents to bombings in Manila.

Lesechko, 71, a deputy prime minister since 1962, had been released from his duties to Nikolai Talyzin, minister of communicanons since 1975, was appointed to take his place as one of the 12 deputies to Prime Minister Nikolai Tikhonov, who replaced the ailing Kosygin two days ago. It was not clear why the government change was: only announced Saturday, rather than at the session of the Supreme Soviet on Thursday

Assistant

of Kosygin

steps down

(See related stories page 4.)

MOSCOW, Oct. 25 (R) - Changes in the

Soviet government following the retirement

of Premier Alexi Kosygin continued Satur-

day, with the announcement that one of his

longest-serving deputies bad been replaced.

Tass news agency reported that Mikhail

wben Tikhonov took over. Lesechko was one of three deputy prime ministers who had served since 1962 without interruption. For much of this period he was in charge of economic relations with the rest of the Soviet bloc. .

Little information was immediately available about Talyzin, except that his career bas involved some foreign experience. He attracted attention last December when be was the last senior Soviet official known to bave met Afghan President Hafizullah Amin in Kabul, only about two days before the. Kremlin-backed coup in which he was onsted

Poland alters union charter to favor party WARSAW, Oct. 25 (Agencies) - A War-

saw court has registered Poland's Solidarity trade unioo but decided unilaterally to rewrite the union's statutes to include a clause acknowledging Communist Party supremacy.

The decision by the court to insert the clause in a revised statute appeared to contradict an agreement with Solidarity and threw open again the whole question of registratioo. Solidarity had agreed to append this and other clauses to its statutes.

Judge Zdzisław Koscielniak announced Solidarity's registration and then called a recess to quiet a wildly cheering court.

After the recess be read through the amendments to the statutes and included in them the key clause which has been the point of contention ever since Solidarity applied for registration a month go. Solidarity officials said they were sbocked by the judge's move.

The independent KMZ union in Gdansk Saturday questioned the authorities' good faith over accepting the principle of free trade unions after the court action.

A union statement said that this initiative points towards a conflict between the party and the mass of union members," adding that it could not "help to strengthen the party's already shaken authority in society."

The presidium of the Gdansk union said that this "Arbitrary move" proves that "the 1e agreement by the authorities for the creation of independent unions was merely a tactical maneuver on their part and that they intend to make the unions submit to authority as soon as possible."

Soviet copters attack refugees in Pakistan

ISLAMABAD, Oct. 25 (AP) — Six belicopter gunships crossed over from Afghanistan Friday and attacked an Afghan refugee camp 16 kilometers inside Pakistani territory, a government spokesman said.

The gunships "strafed the camp for some time," but it was not yet certain whether any refugees were killed or wounded, he said. An unconfirmed report said earlier that there had been casualties.

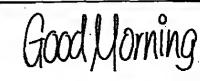
It was the third helicopter attack in the past month, but the only one on a refugee camp and the first penetrating more than a thousand meters from the Afghan border.

The spokesman, who declined to be identified, quoted a defense ministry report as saying the camp was located between the towns of Miranshah and Datakhel.

Information reaching Islamabad did not disclose whether the aircraft, believed to be Soviet-built Mi-24 helicopters, carried Afghan or Soviet markings. However, intelligence sources bere say most, if not all, gun-ships in Afghamstan are piloted by Soviets in

The spokesman said the camp was strafed at 1545 local time, the third helicopter attack in the last month. The first incident, on Sept. 26. left dead an officer and an enlisted man of a Pakistani paramilitary force who were manning a small border post. The second, also on a border post three days later, caused no casualties.

Although Friday's attack was the first helicopter strating of a refugee camp, Pakistan officials reported several refugees had been injured last June near Chitral, northern Pakistan, by shelling from Afghan positions.



Early this summer, an Arab family here on a visit decided to deposit their child in a summer school in the west of England. Since I was a close friend of the family, they asked me to act as guardian for the child while they continued their tour of Europe. All went well, and the child came back in due course, full of enthusiasm for the school. There had been swimming and borse-riding, there had been all sorts of games and amusements. The kid was pleased and so was the family,

who collected him and went back home. And it was at this point that my troubles with the school started. They sent me a small parcel - me being the guardian. It contained a pair of frayed socks, and the sum of ten pounds sterling. The socks and the money, the accompanying letter said, were left behind. Would I please aknowledge their receipt and pay the school the expense of posting them. this, they pointed out, came to sixty four pence only. Since the sum wasn't worth writing a

check for, and since I had no time to go to a post office for a postal money order, I decided to send a pound note, with a letter thanking the school for its trouble. Duty was done, I thought. The balance they could do with what they liked. But that was not the school's idea.

Promptly a small - very small - postal. parcel arrived, containing the balance in silver and copper coin: thirty six pence exactly. The covering note thanked me politely for sending the money, informed that the balance was berewith enclosed, and - bere I almost fell from chair demanded that forward the postal rate for the parcel.

This, I thought gloomily, could take all winter. Since there was no question of sending a pound note once more, I sent the exact amount in coins, wrapped in a large sheet of paper. This, bowever, soon came back, with a note from the post office this time, saying that it was against regulations to send metal coin through the post, and that I had to buy a postal order for the amount.

There was no way around this. So I week, and then presented myself at the local post office for the postal order. But no go. The place was crowded. I waited in the line all morning, then had to return bome with mission still unaccomplished. The local office closes early, and anyway I

I thought the only way of repaying the debt was by driving the two bundred or so miles to the blessed school and there give them their money. I mentioned this my family, and my daughter was overjoyed 'Ob, that great place!" she said, "Can I please enroll in there next summer."

"No way," I said. "If it took all this trouble to pay them their few pence worth of postage stamps, payment of the full amount for the course is certain to need the intervention of the Bank of England and then perhaps the International

Monetary Fund.
Translated from Asharq Al Awat



Babrak Karmai

Karmal to undergo checkup in Russia

MOSCOW, Oct. 25 (AP) — Afghan President Babrak Karmal on Fiday completed an official visit to the Soviet Union but will stay on "several days for a brief rest and treatment," the Soviet news agency Tass reported

Afghan officials said Karmal would undergo a medical examination but insisted be is in "perfect condition." They said he would spend three days at a clinic near Moscow, then return to the Afghan capital of Kabul. Other Afghan officials who accompanied Karmal bere left for bome on Friday, Tass said

After conferring with Soviet leaders in Moscow last week, Karmal and his party visited Soviet Georgia and them Leningrad before returning to Moscow, their point of departure. Soviet leaders promised Karmal continued support, and gave him an elaborate sendoff from Moscow early in the week.

5 S. Koreans sentenced to die; said riot leaders SEOUL, Oct. 25 (AFP) — A South Korean military tribunal Saturday con-

demned to death five leaders of the annigovernment rioning in Kwangju last May. Seven others were sentenced to life impris-Korean press reports from the southwest-

em provincial capital said that the 37-yearold dissident student, Chung Dong-Nyun, was among those receiving the death penalty for leading the riot which resulted in at least 189 deaths. Opposition leader Kim Dae-Jung, who was

condemned to death by a court martial and whose appeal is now being heard before a military court here, was alleged to have given \$8,000 to Chung to start the anni-government riot in Kwangju. Attorney Hong Nam-Soon, said to be Kim's close political associate, was among those sentenced to life imprisonment. A total of t63 other people drew prison

terms ranging from 20 to five years. Among them was Catholic priest Kim Song-yong given 15 years for incining students to riot. Eighty others on trial for participating in the riot were exonerated under the measure of

The trial of the Kwangju rioters was kept secret until Saturday. Meanwhile, Kim Dae-Jung's sedinon

appeal case extered its second day here, and three of his co-defendants were heard. Exdeputy Ye Chun-Ho, Prolessor Lee Moon-Yong and dissident poet Koh Eun all denied plotting any rebellion against the government

as charged by the prosecution. British jails overflow

LONDON, Oct. 25 (R) — Britain's prison service is in a state of crisis with police station cells across the country approaching bursing point with new prisoners locked out of jails by disgruntled warders. The government was said by informed sources Saturday to be considering using military bases as jails guarded

Home Secretary William Whitelaw was expected to announce emergency measures in Parliament on Monday. He refused to rule out the use of soldiers.

The crisis has been created by 21,000 prison officers guarding the country's 45,000 convicts in 139 jails. They began an increasingly bitter dispute with the government by launching a work go-slow three weeks ago in support of a claim for meal break payments which Whitelaw says the country's hardpressed economy cannot afford.

Locking their jail doors against any new admissions, the warders forced the Home Office to send newly-convicted prisoners, and those on remand, from the courts to cells in police stations normally used for shortterm and transit accommodation.

About 3,500 prisoners are now being beld in police station cells capable of holding a maximum of 5,000.



VALLEY CHANNEL: An aerial photograph shows a man-made channel built through a valley in the Swiss Alps to funnel melted snow into Lake Urnersee. The channel keeps the surrounding farmlands free of spring floods.

Honda may abandon plans to build U.S. plant

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25 (WP) - Honda Motor Co. Ltd. of Japan has warned that it may not build its planned \$200 million automobile assembly plant in Ohio if the U.S. government imposes quotas or tariffs to keep out imported car.

Honda's warning was made in documents filed this week with the International Trade Commission, which will decide next month whether to grant the United Auto Workers' and Ford Motor Co.'s requests for relief from auto imports during the next five years.

The UAW and Ford contend imports bave flooded the U.S. auto markets and caused the current financial and employment problems in the industry. The relief is necessary to give the U.S. auto industry time and money to produce its own small cars to compete with

imports, they say.

Opponents of the relief measures bave said import restraints would result in higher, domestic and imported car prices and

wouldn't necessarily make Detroit more prosperous. Ford and the UAW have argued that such relief wouldn't be necessary if the importers, particularly the Japanese, voluntarily restrained the numbers of cars they sell bere, or built plants bere that would put laid-off auto employees to work. But Honda said such restraint may drive them away.

The plant, to be located in Marysville, Ohio, would produce 120,000 vehicles a year, a "significant portion" of Honda's U.S. sales, the company said. Last year 353,291 Hondas were sold in the United States, compared with 507.816 Toyotas and 472,252

Honda said that import restraints would reduce its network of dealers around the country, which would mean that when production at the Ohio plant is started in late 1982, enough dealers would be available to alleged links to the guerrillas. Lopez is a former Manila newspaper pub-

lisher claimed by the government to have been involved in several alleged assassination attempts against Marcos before Marcos proclaimed martial law in 1972. Jailed under martial law, Lopez escaped from prison and sought asylum in the United States some three years ago.

Psinakis is Lopez's brother-in-law, while Daza is a former congressman also believed to be residing in California.

Asked by reporters if the government bas submitted its evidence to American authorides, Marcos said," We are organizing some of it. (U.S.) customs men bave come bere already and they have seen the evidence. They are sending another customs group."

Referring to the U.S.-based dissidents, Marcos said, "These men who are enjoying sanctuary in the United States are violating their own laws. They are dealing in explosives and in firearms ... they are conspiring against a friendly state. They are training men in guerrilla warfare terrorism."

The government recently asked for U.S. assistance in curbing the activines of the dissidents. U.S. officials said they were waiting for Manila to come up with evidence to support its claim.

So far, the government bas arrested two persons allegedly connected with the bombngs. The men are identified as former Senator Jovito Salonga, who has denied any links to terrorists, and Philippine-born American Victor Lovely Ir.

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